1. Key energy figures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Energy mix – 2021</th>
<th>Electricity mix - 2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coal and coal products</td>
<td>Natural gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil and oil products</td>
<td>Oil and petroleum products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural gas</td>
<td>Renewables, biofuels, biomass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Renewables</td>
<td>Non-renewable waste</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: DG ENER and Eurostat

2. Energy security

Energy import dependency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuel</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2019</th>
<th>2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Import Dependency [%]</td>
<td>58.5%</td>
<td>80.6%</td>
<td>77.1%</td>
<td>76.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of Solid fossil fuels</td>
<td>101.7%</td>
<td>95.7%</td>
<td>108.1%</td>
<td>87.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of Hard Coal</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>109.7%</td>
<td>109.1%</td>
<td>86.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of Oil and petroleum products</td>
<td>105.2%</td>
<td>104.0%</td>
<td>107.3%</td>
<td>109.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of Crude and NGL</td>
<td>94.5%</td>
<td>99.0%</td>
<td>100.8%</td>
<td>99.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of Natural Gas</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>99.7%</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
<td>98.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: EU energy statistical pocketbook and country datasheets based on Eurostat

Dependency from Russian fossil fuels (2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Gas</th>
<th>Oil</th>
<th>Coal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EU27</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>54%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>73%</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Eurostat (nrg_ti_sff, nrg_ti_oil, and nrg_ti_gas)

Underground gas storage levels – evolution

Lithuania has no storage capacity
3. Energy markets

Wholesale electricity prices

Wholesale gas prices

Retail electricity prices

Retail gas prices

Source: Platts analysis for wholesale electricity/gas prices, Eurostat for retail electricity/gas prices
4. **Energy poverty**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Inability to keep home adequately warm (households %)</th>
<th>Arrears on utility bills (households %)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EU27</td>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>6.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT</td>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


5. **Recovery and Resilience Plan contribution to the Green Transition**

**Total budget**: EUR 2.1bn in grants

**Estimated expenditure contributing to the green transition**: 43.63%

![Climate tagged contribution](image)

6. **Energy Country Specific Recommendation (CSR) 2022**

Reduce overall reliance on fossil fuels by accelerating the deployment of renewables and increasing energy efficiency and the decarbonisation of industry, transport and buildings, and ensure sufficient capacity of energy interconnections.

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1. Updated allocation on the basis of Article 11(2) of the RRF Regulation
3. Council of the European Union 9762/22
Notes:

(a) The data up to 2020 are Eurostat data.

The data for 2021 are DG ENER estimation based on Eurostat monthly data

(b) Negative value indicates net exporter: country that exports more fuels than it consumes. Values higher than 100%
mostly refer to the build of stocks (increase of fuel in stocks), however might be also a result of statistical discrepancies
in raw data.

(c) Eurostat (2020), share of Russian imports in total imports. For the EU27 average, the total imports are based on
extra-EU27 imports. LT figures include intra-EU trade. Crude oil does not include refined oil products.

(d) As of 28/09/2022, 13 Member States are either partially or fully cut off from Russian gas (LT, BG, PL, DE, FI, DK,
NL, IT, FR, AT, CZ, SL, LV).

(e)

Households electricity prices, band DC, from EUROSTAT
(link: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/NRG_PC_204__custom_3372694/default/table)

Industrial electricity prices, band ID, from EUROSTAT
(link: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/NRG_PC_205__custom_3372745/default/table)

Households gas prices, band D2, from EUROSTAT
(link: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/NRG_PC_202__custom_3407307/default/table)

Industrial gas prices, band I3, from EUROSTAT
(link: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/databrowser/view/NRG_PC_203__custom_3407318/default/table)

Wholesale Electricity and Gas prices, Platts (subscription-based access).

Platts calculates wholesale electricity prices based on weighted averages of traded volumes.

(f) The green objective is presented under 7 different categories taken into account the intervention fields
(SWD(2021) 184 final): Renewables (028 - 032), Hydrogen (022, 027, 029, 032, 033, 074, 077 and ADHOC), Energy Efficiency
in the public sector (026-026bis), Energy Efficiency in private buildings (025-025bis), Energy Efficiency in New Buildings
(025ter), Energy Efficiency in Industry (24-024ter), Grids (033-034bis), Skills (01). For the cases in which hydrogen measure
is identified in one of the following intervention fields (i.e. 029 - Renewable energy: solar; 032 - Other renewable energy
(including geothermal energy); 033 - Smart Energy Systems (including smart grids and ICT systems) and related storage.) this
amount was deducted from the respective categories (i.e. renewables and grids).