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EEFIG MS-level Process Results for Spain

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Senior Research Associate at Climate Strategy

How to Increase the Flow of Energy Efficiency Investments in EU



EEFIG's work has benefited from:

The Energy Efficiency Financial Institution Group ("EEFIG") was established to determine how to overcome the well documented challenges to obtaining long-term financing for energy efficiency

EEFIG's Mandate

Active input of some 120 expert participants (8,000 hours)

2

Who would be the right party to address them?

40% of the EEFIG participants either work for, or represent the views of, financial institutions. Participation from financial institutions, policy makers, finance users (buildings, industry or SME) and energy efficiency experts

3

What should the European Commission/ EU do?

EGY

1

What are the most imminent challenges that must be overcome?

EEFIG's 120 Participants Represent over 100 Organizations



ABB

Agentschap NL

Allianz Global Investors

Europe GmbH

Allianz Climate Solutions

Allianz Real Estate

ASN Bank

Aurubis Belgium N.V./S.A.

Aviva Investors

Bank Nederlandse Gemeenten (BNG)

Bank of Valetta p.l.c.

Banque Public d' Investissement

Belesco asbl

Belfius

Bloomberg New Energy Finance

BNG Bank

BNP Paribas Asset Management BNP Paribas Investment Partners

Buildings Performance Institute Europe (BPIE)

Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations

Cassa Depositi e Prestiti

CDC Climat CECIMO Cembureau Citi Handlowy

Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A.

Climate Strategy & Partners

Cogen Europe

Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited

Deneff

Deutsche Bank

DNV GL E3G EASME European Commission (EC)

Econoler EDF FENICE

EEP - Institute for Energy Efficiency in Production,

University of Stuttgart

Energy Efficiency in Industrial Processes (EEIP)

EFIEES

Efinovia Europe

EIIF

Emerson Electric Co.

European Association of Energy Service Companies (eu.esco)

European Builders Confederation (EBC)

EuroACE

Eurobank Ergasias SA

Eurochambres

European Association of Public Banks (EAPB)

European Bank for Reconstruction

and Development (EBRD)
European Climate Foundation
European Investment Bank (EIB)
European Property Federation

FIEC (European

Construction Industry Federation)

Green Investment Bank
HBOR – Croatian Bank for
Reconstruction and Development
Hermes Investment Management

Honeywell Huber Dixon

Hungarian Development Bank

(MFB)

IFIEC (International Federation of Industrial Energy

Consumers)

ING Commercial Banking International Energy Agency

Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)

Investor Confidence Project

IPEEC

KfW Bankengruppe

Munich Re

Network of European Financial Institutions for SMEs (NEFI)

NRW Bank Orgalime Parhelion

Polish Bank Association

Polish National Fund for Environmental Protection and Water

Management

RICS

Schneider Electric

Siemens

Siemens Financial Services GmbH

Societe Generale

SPIRE Spire2030 Susi Partners

Sustainable Development Capital Limited

Tera srl

The CO-Firm GmbH
The Energy Managers

Turboden

UNEP Finance Initiative (UNEP FI)

Unicredit

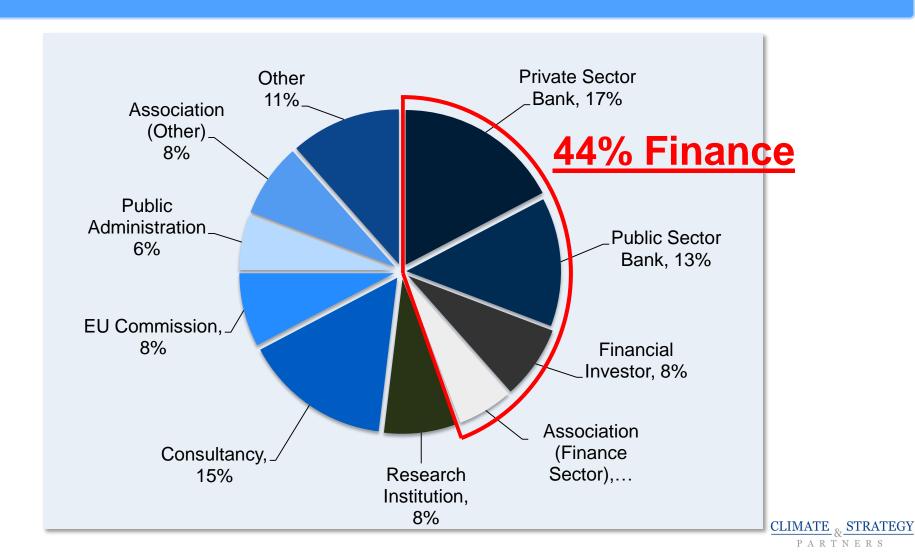
UNIDO - United Nations Industrial Development Organization Union Européenne de l'Artisanat et des Petites et Moyennes

Entreprises – UEAPME Linkoping University

World Business Council for Sustainable Development



EEFIG Participant Expertise Distribution





Energy Efficiency is Europe's First Fuel



energy resource

Energy Efficiency Investments

Characterized by their **MULTIPLE BENEFITS**

Direct energy returns Additional value streams to private owners and asset operators

Significant Public Benefits

One of the most cost effective ways decrease the emissions of greenhouse gases and other pollutants

EE investment is the most cost effective manner to reduce the EU's reliance, and expenditure, on energy imports costing over €400 billion a year

Increased employment

Lower emissions

Increased energy security and reduced dependence on foreign imports

Improvements to a country's fiscal balance

Since 2011, GTR has been active in analyzing opportunities to assist the energy transition of Spanish Buildings...

GTR = Working Group for Buildings Renovation 2011-2015

GTR 2011 Report

Has gained momentum among Spanish policy makers and private sector

GTR 2012 Report

It is an update which has furthered the model and its conclusions

GTR 2014 Report

A National Strategy for Rehabilitation







2015-2016

- ✓ Assessment of the Autonomous Communities
- ✓ Study on financing tools. GTR Finance



✓Review of the 2017 National Strategy:





GTR = 12 Independent Experts, EU Context and 3x 2015 TGs: Autonomous Communities, Financing and Build-UPON

GTR Members

Valentín Alfaya Director de Calidad y Medio Ambiente del Grupo Ferrovial.

Luis Álvarez-Ude Arquitecto

Xavier Casanovas Director de Rehabilitación y Medio Ambiente del Colegio de Aparejadores

y Arquitectos Técnicos de Barcelona.

Albert Cuchí Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya. Barcelona Tech.

Enrique Jiménez Larrea Abogado, ex-Director del IDAE.

Francisco J. González Profesor de la Escuela de Arquitectura de la Universidad Europea de Madrid.

Fernando PratsAsesor del Centro Complutense de Estudios e Información Medioambiental

para el programa Cambio Global España 2020/50.

Juan Rubio del Val Director de la Sociedad Municipal de Rehabilitación de Zaragoza.

Peter Sweatman Director general de Climate Strategy & Partners.

Alicia Torrego Gerente de la Fundación Conama.

Ignacio de La Puerta Arquitecto

Dolores Huerta Secretaria Técnica de GBCe

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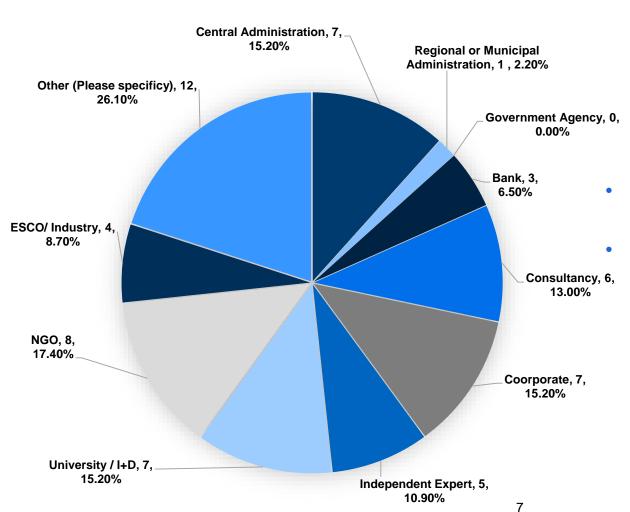






"GTR Finance" has 50 members, is supported by the CNC, and 46 participated in EEFIG MS-level process...

GTR Finance = Seeks to solve financing needs for the energy rehabilitation of buildings



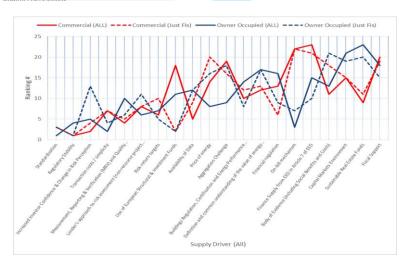
GTR Finance Mandate:

- Define those essential and much needed instruments for the financing of the sector;
- Identify changes needed to increase the economic activity regarding energy works
- 46 from 50 participants answered EEFIG survey in Spanish
 - Participants belonged to multiple sectors:
 - Banks, Private Sector, Public Sector, Experts, Industry, ESCOs, SMEs, Trade Associations, Distributors of plumbing and electricity supplies, Spanish Banking Association, Construction Companies, and NGOs

Used EEFIG Methodology and MS-level Process...

Table 3: EEFIG ranking of key drivers affecting supply of energy efficiency investment by market segment.

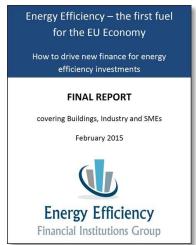
Buildings Sector	Commerc- ial	Public	Public Rental	Owner Occupied	Private Rental	Average Rank
Standardization	3	1	1	1	2	1.6
Regulatory Stability	1	4	2	4	3	2.8
Increased Investor Confidence & Change in Risk Perception	2	5	7	5	4	4.6
Transaction costs / simplicity	7	10	6	2	1	5.2
Measurement, Reporting & Verification (MRV) and Quality Assurance	4	2	4	10	8	5.6
Lender's approach to risk assessment (non-recourse project financing vs. Borrower-based credit recourse)	8	6	5	6	5	6
Risk-return targets	6	11	9	7	7	8
Use of European Structural & Investment Funds	18	3	3	11	9	8.8
Availability of Data	5	9	13	12	10	9.8
Price of energy	14	7	10	8	15	10.8
Aggregation Challenge	19	16	8	9	11	12.6
Buildings Regulation, Certification and Energy Performance Certificates	10	12	14	14	13	12.6
Definition and common understanding of the value of	12	8	15	17	18	14





Energy Efficiency

Financial Institutions Group



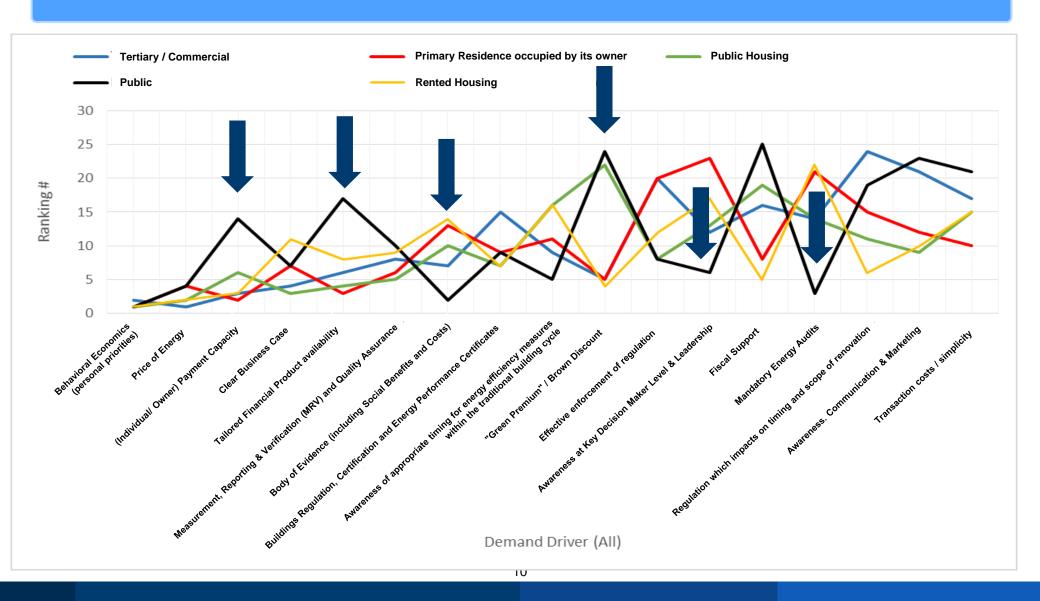


Analysis: "Top 10" Demand and Supply Drivers

DEMAND	SUPPLY		
Behavioral Economics (personal priorities)	Price of energy		
Price of energy	Definition and common understanding of the value of energy cost savings		
(Individual/ Owner) Payment Capacity	Sustainable Real Estate Funds		
Clear Business Case	Use of National Energy Eficiency Fund		
Tailored Financial Product availability	Use of European Structural & Investment Funds		
Measurement, Reporting & Verification (MRV) and Quality Assurance	Communication between market actors		
Body of Evidence (including Social Benefits and Costs)	Regulatory Stability		
Buildings Regulation, Certification and Energy Performance Certificates	Fiscal Support		
Awareness of appropriate timing for energy efficiency measures within the traditional building cycle	Buildings Regulation, Certification and Energy Performance Certificates		
"Green Premium" / Brown Discount	Risk-return targets		



Analysis: Demand Drivers per Segment

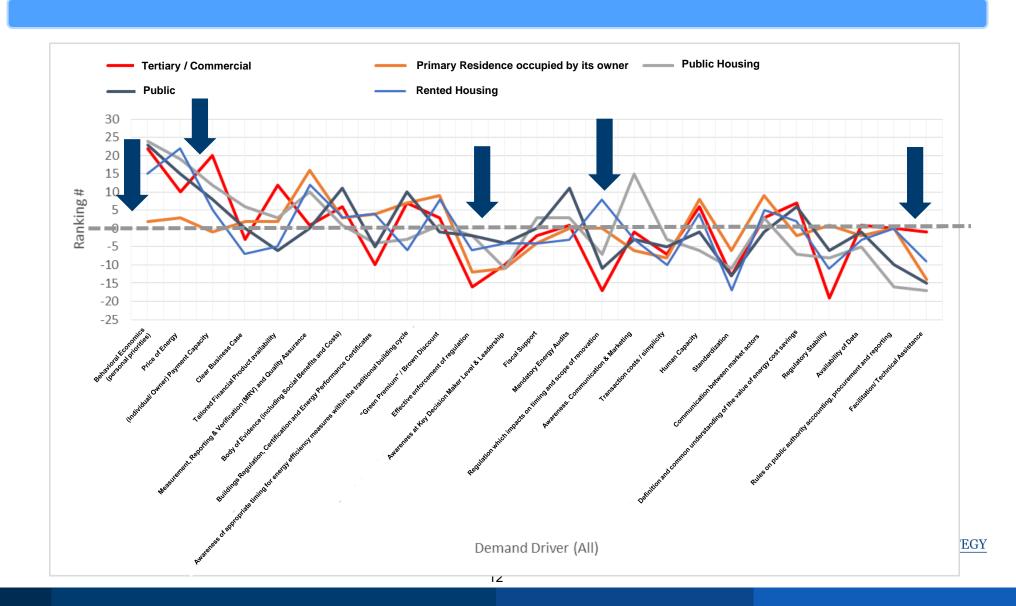


Analysis: Results for Demand Drivers

GTR Finance EEFIG MS-level WG notes the following results based on the Expert Survey:

- Demand drivers are aligned across several sectors except in Public Buildings
- Energy Efficiency is not a priority in any segment when compared to Other Priorities
- There is a lack of awareness (except for the Public Sector) of the multiple economic benefits inherent to energy efficiency upgrades
- The Value Increase ("Green Premium") due to retrofits is indeed a big driver within housing and commercial buildings
- A Tax benefit could significantly catalyze the retrofit of properties

Analysis: Spain vs EU, Demand By Segment

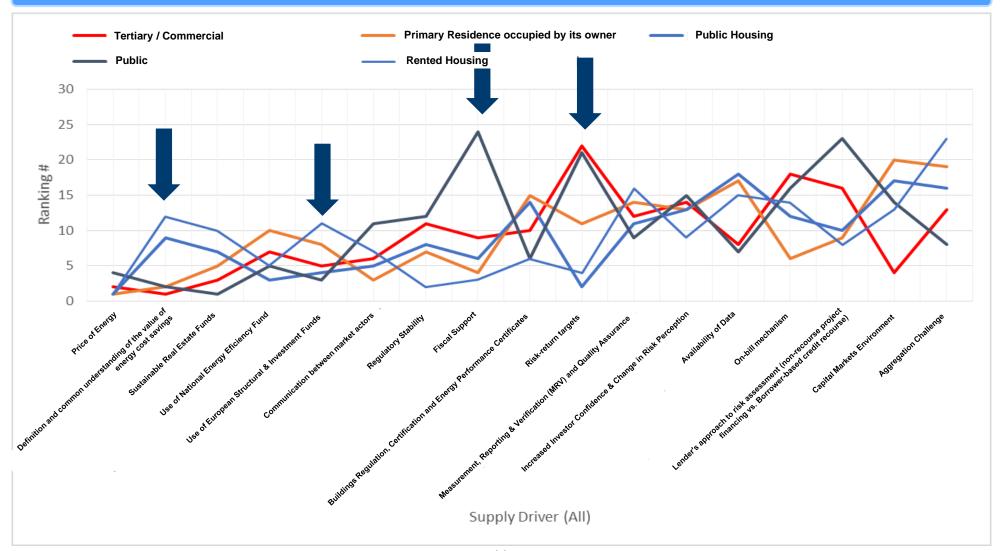


Analysis: Spain vs EU, Demand By Segment

GTR Finance EEFIG MS-level WG notes the following results based on the Expert Survey:

- In Spain the price of energy and the availability of capital is more relevant than the EU average, except in dwelling occupied by owners
- The demand drivers for energy renovation in the Spanish public and comercial sectors differs considerably other EU countries
- Regulatory instability and human capacity are less important in Spain when compared with other EU countries
- In Spain, Technical asistance, Data and Rules on Accounting are not percieved as such strong barriers as in other EU countries

Analysis: Supply Drivers by Segment

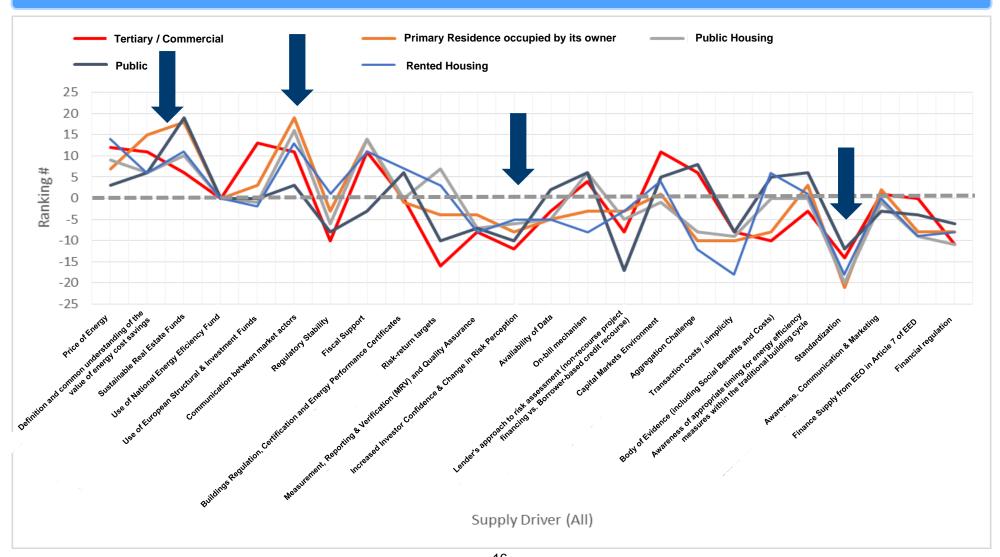


Analysis: Results for Supply Drivers

GTR Finance EEFIG MS-level WG notes the following results based on the Expert Survey:

- Price of energy is the most relevant factor for Financial Institutions finance supply in all sectors
- The understanding of the economic value of energy savings are certainly relevant drivers except in properties for rent and public housing
- For housing, risk-return targets for banks is a significant barrier yet not for the public and commercial sectors
- Tax benefits could also catalyze the supply of financing for the rehabilitation of housing

Analysis: Spain vs EU, Supply By Segment



Analysis: Spain vs EU, Supply By Segment

GTR Finance EEFIG MS-level WG notes the following results based on the Expert Survey:

- In the case of Housing in Spain, the price of energy and the availability of capital are more relevant supply drivers than the EU average
- The lack of funds and tailored financial products for rehabilitation in all sectors is indeed very relevant in Spain
- The supply of the so called "integral rehabilitation" of multiple measures (energy and access) is also relevant
- Standardization and Technical Issues are not perceived as barriers in terms of supply drivers, contrary to the EU level survey

Assessment: Barriers for Private Financing

GTR Finance: "Identify challenges and barriers that prevent the financing of the sector"

Barriers in terms of subsidies and private financing:

- Clear identification of the collateral provider.
- Collateral ought to be clear and measurable.
- Payback periods of over 5 and 8 years.
- Loan Amounts.



Assessment: Barriers for Private Financing

GTR Finance: "Identify challenges and barriers that prevent the financing of the sector"

Barriers and solutions in terms of subsidies and private financing.

- Develop a single "Model-Type" for each segment
- Guarantee Scheme or Financing Collateral
- Clear Fiscal Signaling





Conclusions/Findings

O A Regulatory Framework

that Promotes a Culture that Upholds Energy Efficiency

#EnergyEfficiency First

Spain lacks a massive offer of energy rehabilitation supported by its energy companies, retail networks, complemented by a fund that acts as a "Green Bank" focused on the development of energy efficiency projects.

Energy Prices are not good signals as they are now more "fixed" than floating and prices are influenced by Govt which poses uncertainty in the future.



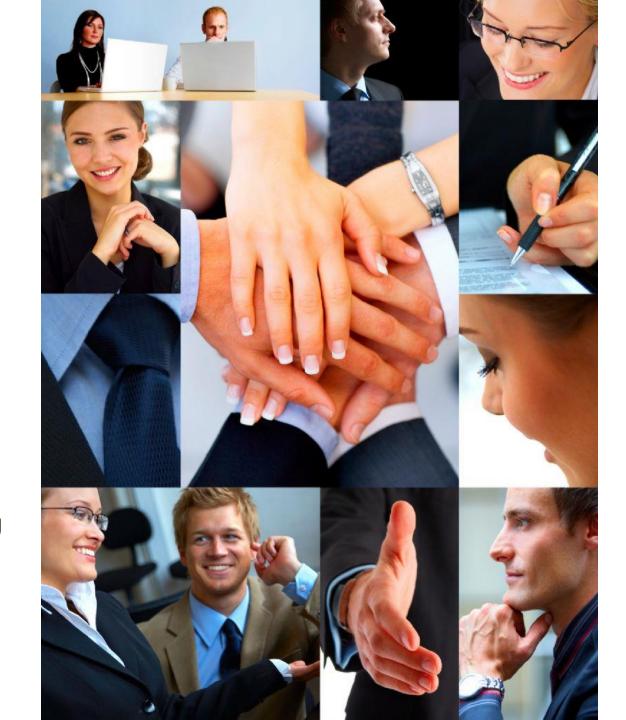


1 Educate and train "Accredited Agents" / "Technical Tutors" / "Project Managers"

Mainly for neighbour associations as they need professionals that understand and promote the energy rehabilitation model and are trained and accredited to manage such projects on behalf of the owners.

These professionals ought to be knowledgeable and able to offer the financing of the projects as well.





2 Industrialization & Replication of "Model Types"

Each climate zone and building type ought to have a "model type". The supply chain for "model types" should be transparent and its financing should be simple and accesible in all Banks' branches.









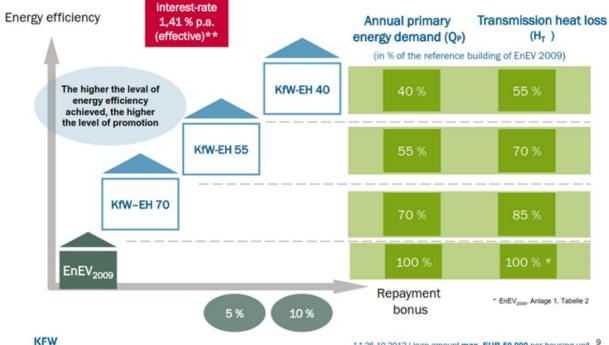


A financing packet that is simple and tailored specifically for energy retrofits

The financing packet for energy retrofits ought to provide key elements such as the loan, public subsidies and precise instructions that would enable attaining tax deductions. Also, this packet should be available via a network of accredited agents.

...and easy to explain





Please visit www.eefig.org

Engage and join the conversation!



Users can access:



2

Engage with the "Energy Efficiency De-risking Project"

Become a user and/or become a data provider and engage in an expert dialogue which contributes to enhancement of the fundamentals of energy efficiency investments in the buildings and corporate sectors





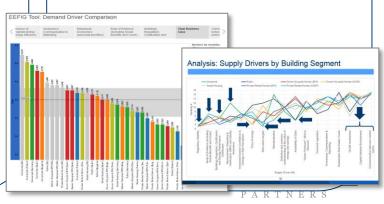


3

Use the "EEFIG National" Tool & Database

It relies on used a standardized method and process to engage with key expert stakeholders in Spain, France, Germany, Poland and Bulgaria over 12 months.

Each country's results can be found with a series of summaries as well as an interactive review of the EU data



CLIMATE & STRATEGY PARTNERS

"Energy efficiency investing has a fundamental and beneficial role to play in the transition towards a more competitive, secure and sustainable energy system with an internal energy market at its core"

Peter Sweatman CEO of Climate Strategy - EEFIG Launch Feb 26th 2015

Climate Strategy leads in Energy Efficiency Finance with 11 white papers written in the past 8 years and supporting international policy initiatives







Climate Strategy understands the interdependent relationships between:

- Environment
- Business

Society

and Government

and their roles in guiding the global transition to a low carbon economy

250+ key note speeches and public conferences on the Transition to a Low Carbon Economy and 120+ press articles, Climate Strategy is working towards the implementation of the Paris Agreement at COP22



Thank you from GTR —



Thanks!

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