

Public consultation on accounting methods and conditions for the 10%
renewable energy in transport target – and on the need for additional types of
biofuels being listed in Annex III of the Renewable Energy Directive

Introduction

The European Union (EU) has set in the Renewable Energy Directive¹ ('the Directive') an overall 20% renewable energy target in final energy consumption and a 10% target of renewable energy in transport for 2020. For the transport sector each Member State has to ensure that the share of energy from renewable sources in all forms of transport in 2020 is at least 10% of the final consumption of energy in transport in that Member State. All forms of energy from renewable sources can contribute to the target, including biofuels - liquid or gaseous - and electricity produced from renewable sources. The Directive required Member States to submit by June 2010 National Renewable Energy Action Plans² setting out inter alia the contribution expected of each renewable energy technology to meet the 2020 targets, including in the transport sector.

The Renewable Energy Directive contains rules for the calculation of the 10% target³.

For biofuels, this involves using the energy contents that are listed in Annex III to the Directive. This Annex can be updated. This public consultation, in section D, seeks views on whether and how the Annex should be updated.

For the contribution of electricity from renewable sources, the Directive prescribes that the average share of electricity produced from renewable energy sources (Member States or EU level) has to be taken into account in the calculation. In addition, the Directive requires the Commission to present by December 2011, if appropriate, 'a proposal permitting, subject to certain conditions, the whole amount of the electricity used to power electric vehicles to be counted towards the 10% target'. This public consultation, in section A, seeks views on what conditions could reasonably be applied for this.

As far as hydrogen originating from renewable sources is concerned, the Directive does not include any specific rules on how to account this towards the 10% target. Further, hydrogen is currently not part of the EU energy statistics system. This means that Eurostat and the Member States would develop statistical methodologies along the lines of the overall energy balance when the contribution of hydrogen to the fuel mix will become significant. The Directive requires the Commission to present by December 2011, if appropriate, 'a proposal for a methodology for calculating the contribution of hydrogen originating from renewable sources for counting towards the 10% target'. This public consultation, in section B, seeks views on what method(s) could reasonably be applied for this.

For the contribution of methane originating from renewable sources (biomethane⁴) and supplied via the natural gas grid, the Directive does not include any specific rules for the calculation towards the 10% target. In the absence of accurate statistical methods for measuring the share of injected biomethane consumption by sector, Eurostat would attribute

¹ Directive 2009/28/EC OJ L140 of 5.06.2009 p. 16

² All plans are available at:

http://ec.europa.eu/energy/renewables/transparency_platform/action_plan_en.htm

3 In Article 3(4) and 5(5)

4 Either biogas upgraded to the quality of natural gas or gas of similar quality produced from biomass by other production methods.

to each natural gas consuming sector a portion of the biogas injected to the natural gas network, proportional to each sector's natural gas consumption. The Commission considers that it is of interest to further explore the accounting of biomethane from the grid, in parallel to those for electricity and hydrogen from renewable sources. This public consultation, in section C, seeks views on whether other accounting methods could be appropriate to apply for this.

The consultation is open from 14/04/2011 and closes on 14/06/2011.

This questionnaire exists only in English, but responses can be in any EU language.

If you have views on some questions and not others, feel free to send an answer covering only these questions.

Contributions will be published: http://ec.europa.eu/energy/consultations/index_en.htm

This document has been prepared by the Commission services as a basis for comments. It does not prejudice the final form of any decision to be taken by the Commission.

Section A: Electricity from renewable sources in transport

According to the National Renewable Energy Action Plans, Member States estimate that the contribution of renewable electricity will by 2020 account for approximately 1% of energy consumed in transport: 0.8% in non-road transport (mainly in trains) and 0.2%⁵ in road transport, including electric cars, trolleybuses, etc.

Given that electricity is generated from both renewable as well as non-renewable sources,

1. how do you value the impact of the 10% target for renewable energy in transport by 2020 on the development of electric vehicles?

~~-Not significant~~

-Significant, but other policies/developments will be of more importance

~~-Important, along with other policies/developments~~

~~-A key driver~~

2. under what condition do you think it would be justified to count the whole amount of electricity in electric vehicles as renewable?

-None

~~-When the electricity is produced fully from renewable energy and without connection to the electricity grid~~

~~-When the electricity comes with a tradable certificate showing that that amount of renewable electricity was generated~~

~~-When there is a supply contract showing that that amount of renewable electricity was generated~~

~~-When there is evidence on a Member State level that the development of electric vehicles has led to that amount of additional renewable electricity generation~~

-

Other (please specify):

3. what benefits do you expect the option you selected under (2) will have:

~~-Additional renewable electricity generation~~

~~-Faster development of electric vehicles~~

~~-Other (please specify):~~

-None, it only changes the accounting method

Please motivate your answer

4. what costs in terms of administrative burden do you expect the implementation of the option you selected under (2) will have:

~~-Additional statistics collection in all Member States~~

~~-Generating additional information on the basis of existing statistics~~

~~-Other (please specify):~~

-None

5 This 0.2% counts however with a multiplication factor of 2.5 towards the 10% target - Cf. Article 3(4) of the Directive.

Section B: Hydrogen from renewable sources in transport

According to the National Renewable Energy Action Plans, only one Member State estimates that hydrogen from renewables will be used in transport by 2020.

1. Which are in your view the most likely ways to produce hydrogen from renewable sources (partly or fully) by 2020?

- From biomethane, e.g. by steam reforming/partial oxidation
- From a mixture of natural gas and biomethane, e.g. by steam reforming/partial oxidation
- On the basis of renewable electricity, by electrolysis
- On the basis of the electricity mix from the grid, by electrolysis
- From biomass directly, e.g. by gasification/partial oxidation or biological processes
- Other (please specify):
- None are likely to be significant by 2020

2. For each option you selected under (2), if it would be used for transport, how would you suggest to calculate its contribution to the 10% target for renewable energy in transport?

Section C: Biomethane via the natural gas grid in transport

According to the National Renewable Energy Action Plans, Member States estimate that biofuels other than first and second generation bioethanol and biodiesel will by 2020 account for approximately 0.2% of energy consumed in transport, part or all of which may be biomethane.

Given that methane in the gas grid originates mostly from non-renewable sources (natural gas),

1. how do you value the impact of the 10% target for renewable energy in transport by 2020 on the development of methane vehicles fuelled by methane from the gas grid?

-Not significant

~~-Significant, but other policies/developments will be of more importance~~

~~-Important, along with other policies/developments~~

~~-A key driver~~

2. under what condition do you think it would be justified to count the whole amount of methane extracted from the gas grid for the use in vehicles as renewable?

-None, until the time that all methane injected into the gas grid concerned is originating from renewable sources

~~-When the methane comes with a tradable certificate showing that that amount of biomethane was generated~~

~~-When there is a supply contract showing that that amount of biomethane was generated~~

~~-When there is evidence on a Member State level that the development of methane vehicles has led to that amount of additional biomethane generation~~

~~-Other (please specify):~~

3. what benefits do you expect the option you selected under (2) will have:

~~-Additional biomethane generation~~

~~-Faster development of methane vehicles~~

~~-Other (please specify):~~

-None, it only changes the accounting method

Please motivate your answer

4. what costs in terms of administrative burden do you expect the implementation of the option you selected under (2) will have:

~~-Additional statistics collection in all Member States~~

~~-Generating additional information on the basis of existing statistics~~

~~-Other (please specify):~~

-None

Section D: Energy content of biofuels

According to the National Renewable Energy Action Plans, Member States estimate that the contribution of biofuels will be approximately 9.5% of energy consumed in transport, most of which is expected to be biodiesel and bioethanol.

1. Do you think additional types of biofuels need to be listed in Annex III of the Directive? If yes, which ones and could you provide values?

Please provide references for suggested values

Il existe le biogazole défini comme ester méthylique de qualité gazole produit à partir d'une huile végétale ou animale, utilisé comme biocarburant.

Il conviendrait d'ajouter comme origine les huiles usagées.

2. Do you think more precision in terms of decimals is necessary in the values in the Annex? If yes, could you provide such values?

Please provide references for suggested values