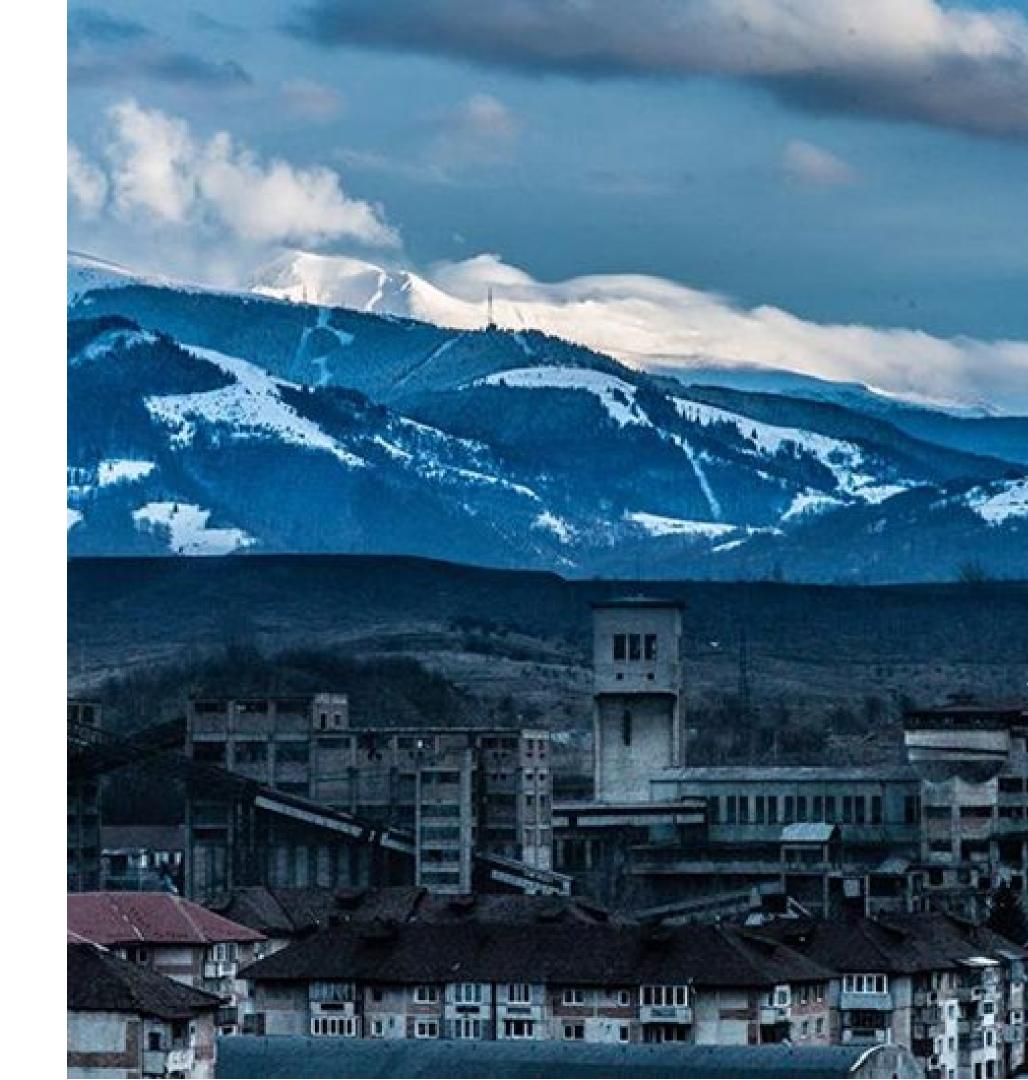


JV scenario

vision: a resilient 100k inhabitants
FUA, exploiting its natural resources
sustainably and being one of the
most important touristic
destinations in Romania

realistic objectives: reinvent and adapt to sustainable local resources - smaller cities but performing much better than before



Petrila today

Petrila is searching for anew identity for its Industrial Heritage listed buildings;

true unique place of culture and art;

the former mine is due to become the <u>administrative</u>, <u>economic and socio-cultural center</u> of Petrila a former mining site site trapped in beaurocracy the <u>cultural hotspot of Jiu Valley</u> - around 5k visitors and participants in 2018: guided tours, concerts and exhibitions

the <u>Mining Rescuer</u> <u>Museum</u>, the only Romanian museum of this kind

a recently founded <u>association</u> gathering local authorities, NGOs, former miners and professionals <u>first participatory bottom-up initiative</u> in Romania, aiming to <u>preserve</u>, <u>restore and convert a coal mine</u> ⇒ regenerate the city



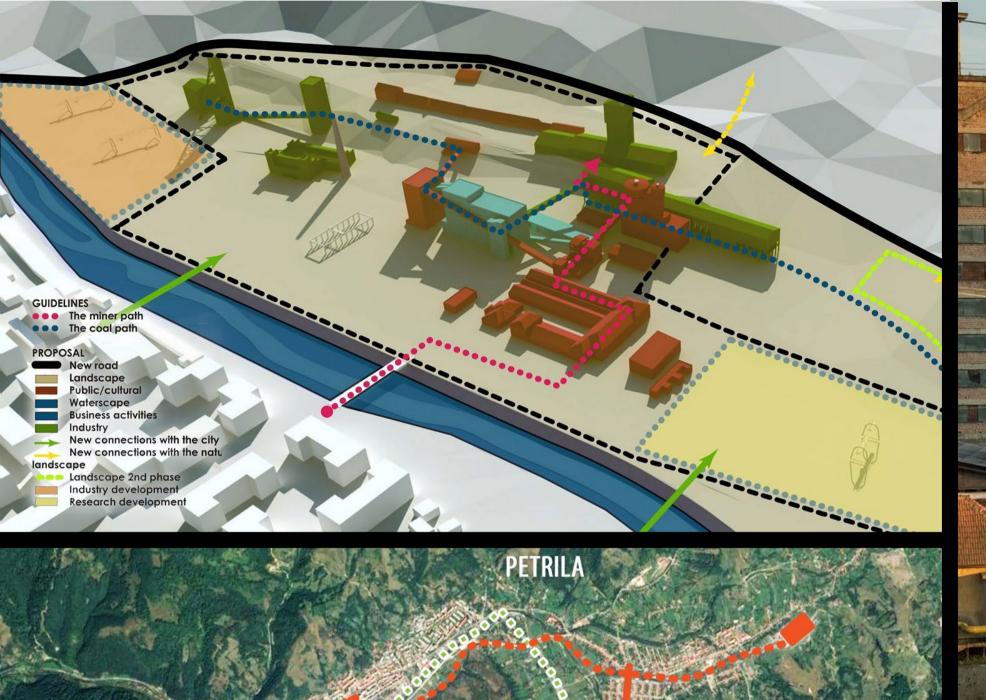
Planeta Petrila project

vision: Mina Petrila - the administrative, economic and socio-cultural center of Petrila

objectives: conversion of the former coal mine, a mining museum, the headquarters of the local town hall, R&D, industry 4.0, (re)connection to the city, new public spaces, restoration of the river shores

timeline:

- 2013-2014 workshops
- 2015 coal extraction ends
- 2016 the mine is declared a National Heritage site
- 2017 Planeta Petrila documentary spreads the story
- 2018 cultural events;
- starting in 2019: design+execution
- 2020 first buildings completion
- 2030 estimated deadline for the urban regeneration project







management

Planeta Petrila Association - the authority aiming to supervise, manage and implement the urban regeneration project

support from local, national and international stakeholders; knowledge, knowhow, social support, motivation, engagement, ethical principles

Planeta Petrila = civil society + former miners + professionals + local administration



cost-benefits brief analysis

the ensemble belongs in part to the Ministry of Energy - SNIM VJ

- site: 149.417 sqm
- buildings: 14.438 (24.544) sqm

estimated conversion costs:

- site: 12.988.340 eu
- buildings: 17.363.200 eu
- total: 30.351.540 eu excluding other new buildings, infrastructures

benefits:

- <u>for the citizens</u>: re-using in a positive way a difficult memory, building capacity and pride, along with jobs in an area with over 10% unemployment rate
- <u>for the city</u>: a re-birth, a new socio-cultural and economic infrastructure that participates to create the image of an attractive city for future investors.
- local economic ecosystem, attracting foreign investors;
- research & development infrastructure and premises for the University of Petrosani and administrative infrastructure for Petrila Town Hall;
- example of good practice for other closing mines in the JV-example for Lonea, Lupeni or Aninoasa;
- paying tourists/year: potential anchor point for ERIH European Routes of Industrial Heritage;

conclusion

Petrila was a mining colony. The mines closure leaves behind tens of thousands of ex-mining dependents.

Planeta Petrilàs an example of good practice in an unfavorable context, the affirmation of attachment to European values; it all starts from the conversion of a former coal mine.

Planeta Petrilathe former mine regeneration project, has: an impressive heritage, a long term plan, a sustainable vision and support from the government and the city - community and administration; itlacks: administrative capacity, funds, land owning uncertainty regarding the protected site

