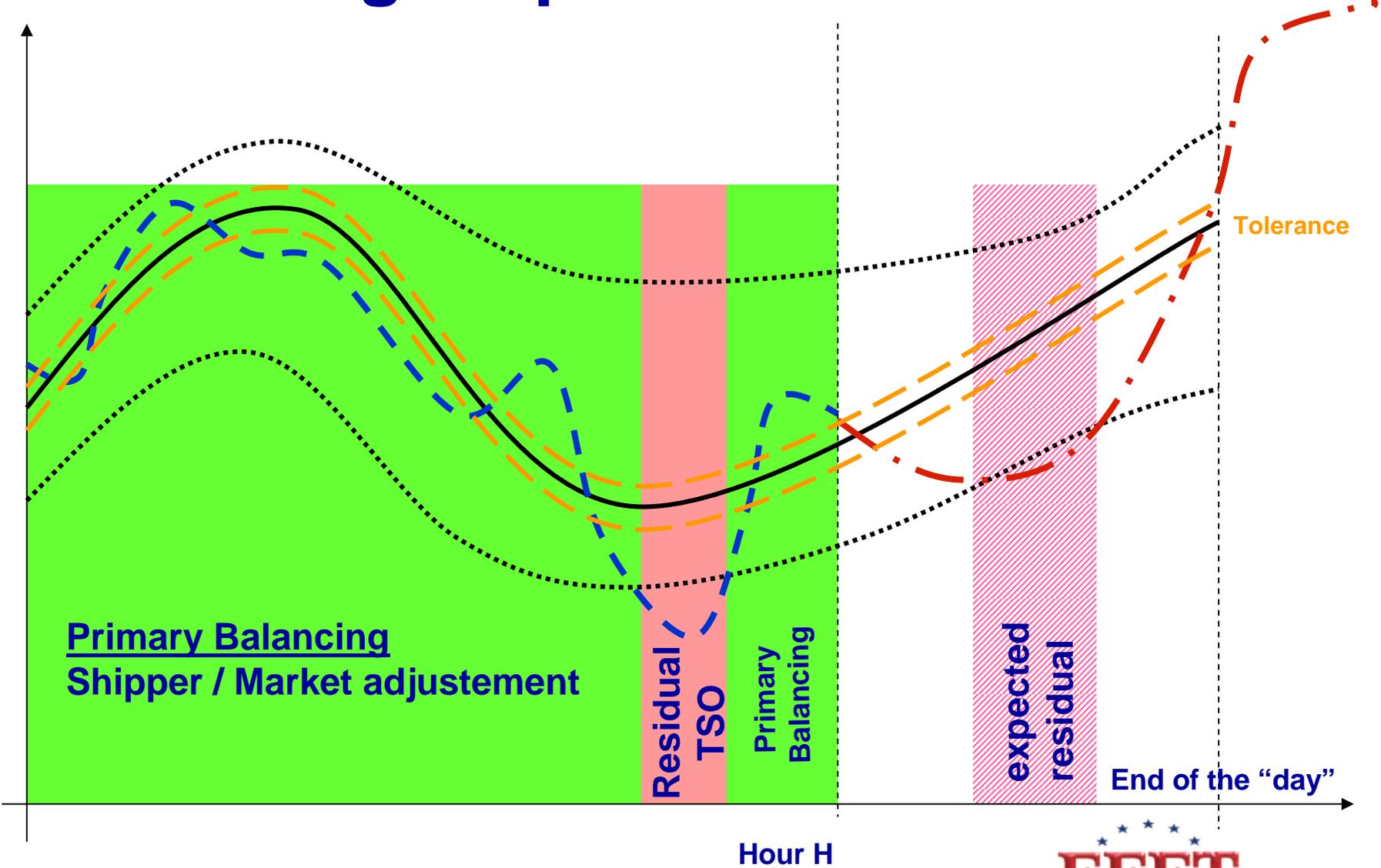


# Balancing principles \*

- After wholesale trading and an entry/exit system have been established, a cash-settled balancing market can be developed to provide market-based commercial incentives for network users to balance their inputs and outputs.
- There must be no requirement on network users to balance their inputs and outputs over a shorter period than is possible by the tools and information available
- Residual system balancing is the responsibility of the TSO, whose costs that are efficiently incurred in restoring balance to the system should be allowable under a regulated revenue scheme remain cash-neutral for providing this service.
- TSOs must provide network users with timely information to enable network users to take balancing actions.

\*: cf. *EFET position paper*

# Balancing responsibilities



# EFET broadly supports the ERGEG consultation document

EFET's main comments:

- Promotion of Daily Balancing
- Linepack allocation suggested is too complex
- Reinforce the role of tolerances
- Consistent balancing for transit and internal transmission