

Energy efficiency finance in the Baltic region: state of play in Estonia

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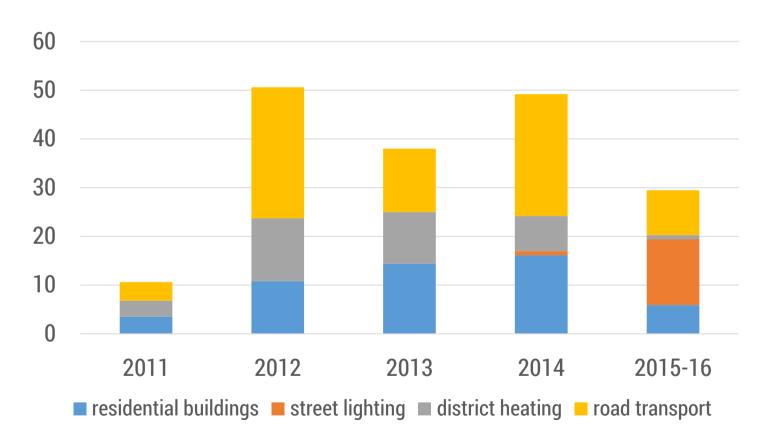
Energy Department

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Main measures for promotion of energy efficiency investments in Estonia

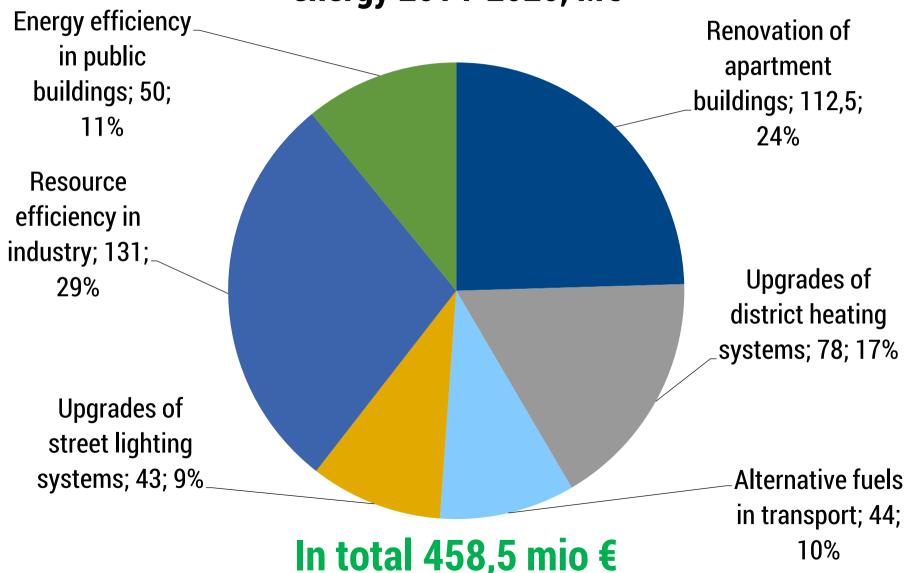
- Investment grants
- Profit tax exemptions:
 - physical persons may deduct interests of their home renovation loans from taxed income
 - legal persons are not paying profit tax for reinvested income
- Loan guarantees
- Taxation policy

Annual disbursements from investment support schemes



total disbursements from investment support schemes 2011-2016:
 178 mio €

Planned funding of energy efficiency and renewable energy 2014-2020, M€



Ex-ante assessment on the use of financial instruments (FI)

- PwC study completed in January 2015
- Scope:
 - all the measures funded from the cohesion policy funds that may be replaced with FIs
- Proposals (linked with energy efficiency):
 - FIs are appropriate for measure "Resource efficiency in industry"
 - FIs may be appropriate for measure "Renovation of apartment buildings" (currently they are not)

Ex-ante assessment on the use of financial instruments

- Upgrades of street lighting systems
 - no market failures in the loan market
 - high investment
 costs because the
 need to replace full
 infrastructure
 - systems having age more than 20 years:60 M€ (needed inv.)



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- long pay-back time: without a grant ca 35 years
- with 75% investment grant ca 10 years

National energy strategy until 2030

- Key messages related to energy efficiency
 - Final energy consumption in 2030 shouldn't be higher than in 2010
 - Building stock deteriorates unless there are investments
 - Investments will be not done without renovation grants
 - Investment aid to renovate are almost cost-neutral for the state budget
 - Transport sector is essential, further challenges can be addressed with taxation and planning policy



Thank you!

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