

1918-2018 CELEBRATING TOGETHER









# PLATFORM FOR COAL REGIONS IN TRANSITION

**Brussels-12th July 2018** 

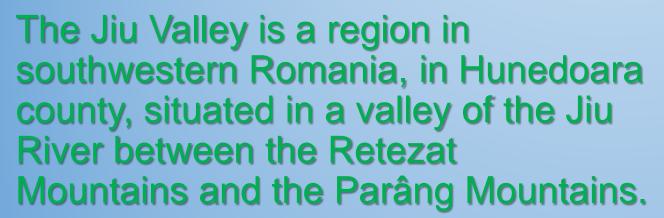
Strategy and action plans by pilot region Jiu Valley

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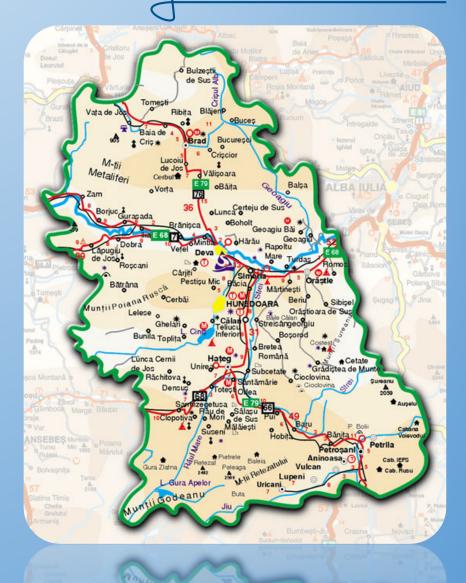


The first evidences of the carboniferous basin of the Jiu Valley are dated since 1782, when charcoal deposits burned for a long time.

















### The main activity is coal mining





Currently, the Jiu Valley is one of the poorest areas in Romania





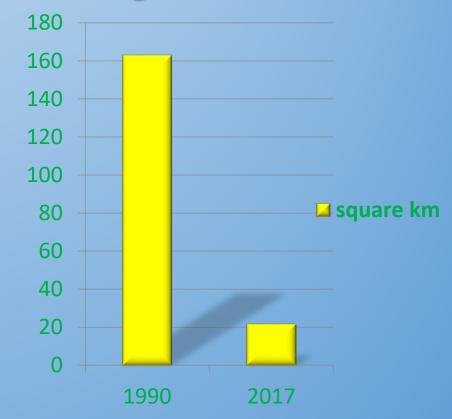




# Jiu Valley decline of mining activity

• 1990 - 163 km<sup>2</sup> mining areas

• 2017 – 22,3 km<sup>2</sup> mining areas still in operation



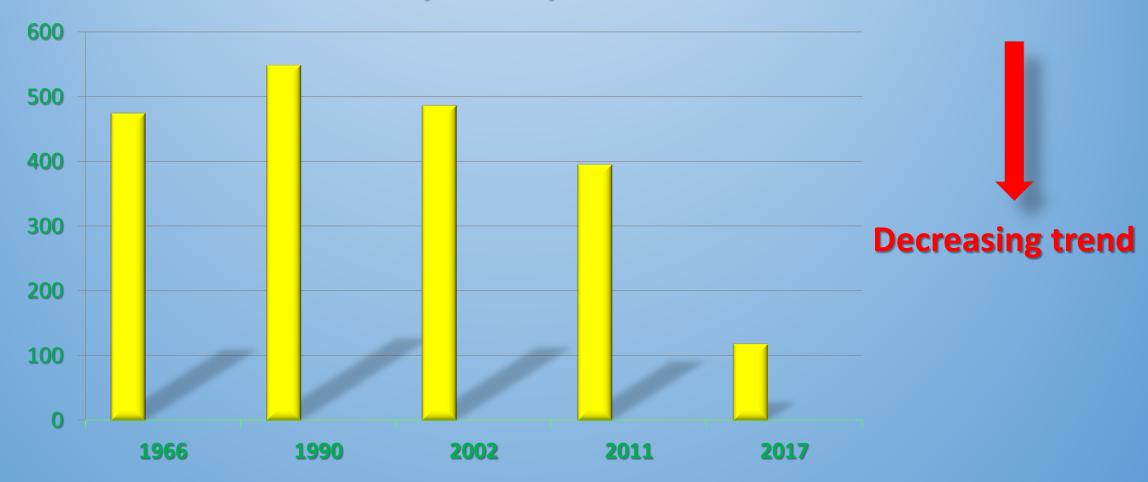








## Jiu Valley - Population



**Number of inhabitants (thousands)** 

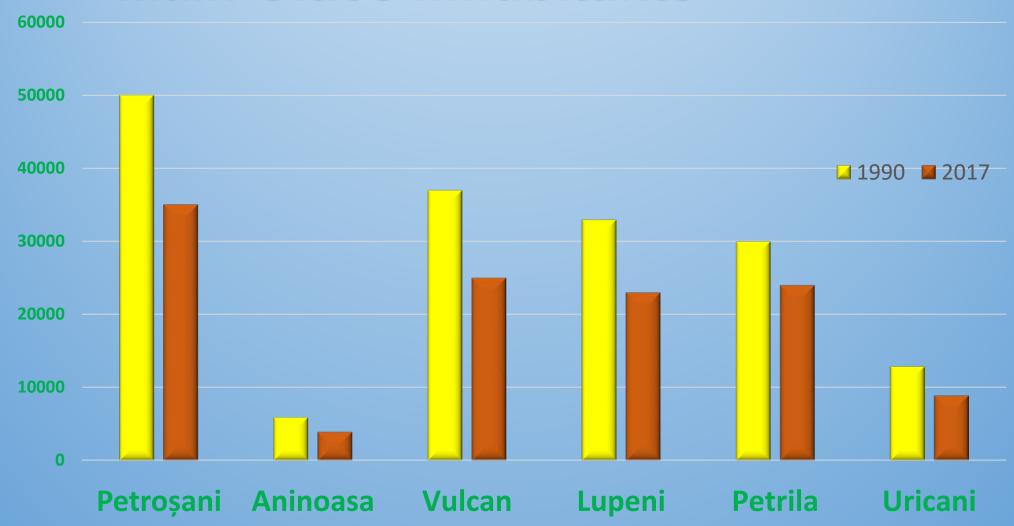


## Jiu Valley Main Cities Inhabitants



















1990

80.000 employees

1997

•37.000 employees

2017

•3.000 employees



## Jiu Valley - Strengths









#### **Location**

- Proximity to Western Europe
- Relatively easy access of this region to the Danube River
- Mountain area



#### **Tourism opportunities**

- Parâng-Petroșani is declared tourist area of national interest
- Ski slopes in Petroşani area



#### **Education**

- •Technical high schools with a wide educational offer
- •University center with tradition, with 3 faculties and over 20 accredited specialties



#### **Environment**

- •Extensive Hydrographic network, including developed drinking water network
- Protected areas (Eg: Natura 2000)



### Jiu Valley –Weaknesses









#### Location

- Poor quality connection to the TEN-T corridor
- Relatively long distance from the administrative county center DEVA and regional administrative center TIMIŞOARA



#### **Tourism**

- Poor quality of the accomodation offer
- Poor or lack of infrastructure in the area
- Relatively small number of tourism companies



#### **Education**

- High school or college graduates migrates to other countrie's areas or abroad
- Large number of trained professionals without perspective
- Lack of dialog between labour market actors



#### **Environment**

- •Industrial area affected by pollution
- Degradation or damaged ecosystems in protected areas
- •Infrastructure for non-motorized transport (sidewalks, bike paths) in high degradation











- Permanent transition since the 1990s;
- Sustainable development and improved connection with the main transport networks;
- Basic infrastructure developing (roads, water, electricity, gas, heating etc.) and ensuring public access;
- Improve broadband infrastructure and internet access;
- Promoting the tourism potential.

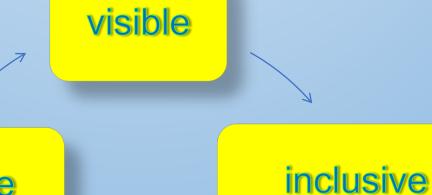


## Jiu Valley – Strategic objectives









competitive

connected

green



## What we did







- We identified the needs and we supported part of these needs from the European Funds
- In 2007-2013, there were signed 294 financing contracts with beneficiaries within the framework of the following OPs: Regional, Transport, Environment, Administrative Capacity, Human Resources Development with a total value of 593 Meuro out of which 383 Meuro EU contribution.











## Strategic approach

Goal

 Improving living conditions, creating better economic opportunities and capitalizing on appropriate natural and cultural heritage.

Means

 Cooperation with local actors, stakeholders, civil society representatives and European partners.

How

- Dedicated calls of proposals for the Jiu Valley region.
- Dedicated financial allocations.











Visible

Tourism and agro tourism infrastructure

Competitive

- Industrial development
- Support for business environment

Connected

Transport infrastructure











Inclusive

- Local development
- Jobs creation
- Education
- Health

Green

- **Energy efficiency**
- Environment protection













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