

# Management of radioactive waste from the production of radioisotopes

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SAMIRA workshop

Brussels - November 13<sup>th</sup>, 2019



# IRE-IRE ELiT, worldwide leaders

## ✳ ~ 25% of the world demand of $^{99}\text{Mo}$

- Parent of  $^{99\text{m}}\text{Tc}$  generator used in 80% of procedures in nuclear medicine diagnosis

## ✳ Major supplier of fission $^{131}\text{I}$ covering about 35% of the world demand

- Essential and irreplaceable radionuclide for some thyroid treatments

## ✳ Only EU supplier of $^{133}\text{Xe}$

- Study of pulmonary ventilation and cerebral perfusion by inhalation

## ✳ One of only two global suppliers of Ge-68/Ga-68 generator approved as a drug in Europe and as a pharmaceutical grade active ingredient in the United States

# Also other former companies on the site

## ✿ Nordion / Best Medical Belgium

- $^{99m}\text{Tc}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{133}\text{Xe}$ ,  $^{90}\text{Y}$
- cyclotron isotopes such as  $^{201}\text{Tl}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$
- Industrial sources such as  $^{192}\text{Ir}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$



*Best*<sup>®</sup> Medical Belgium

## ✿ IBA Radiolotope

- $^{103}\text{Pd}$



# All classes of waste are managed at IRE

## ☼ High Level Waste (HLW)

- $> 2 \text{ Sv/h}$
- $> 37 \text{ TBq/m}^3$

## ☼ Intermediate Level Waste (ILW)

## ☼ Low Level Waste (LLW)

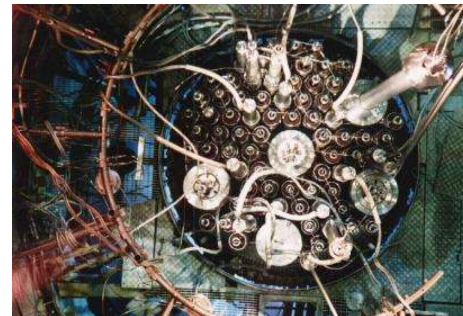
- $< 2 \text{ mSv}$
- $< 40 \text{ GBq/m}^3$  gamma/beta
- $< 40 \text{ MBq/m}^3$  alpha

# Production process

Target manufacture

Irradiation

Transport



Target dissolution

$^{133}\text{Xe}$  trapping

Filtration

U cake

**RECUMO**  
project

Acidification

$^{131}\text{I}$  trap

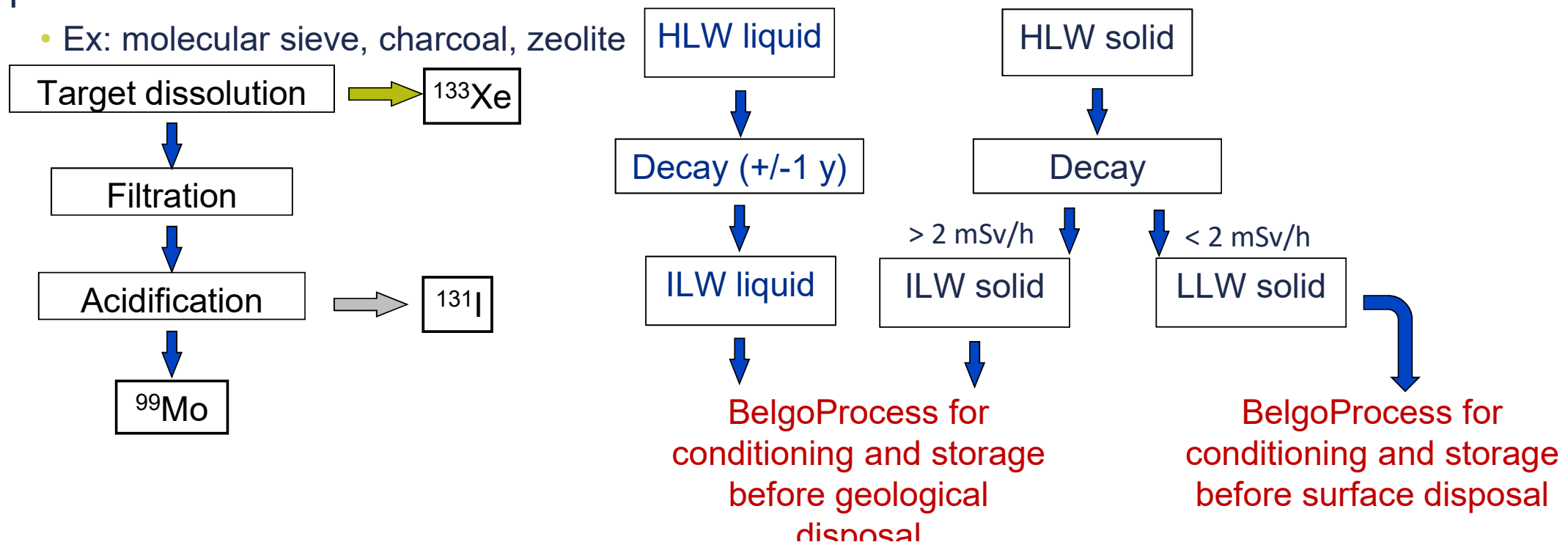
$^{99}\text{Mo}$  purification



# HLW are stored for decay till ILW or LLW

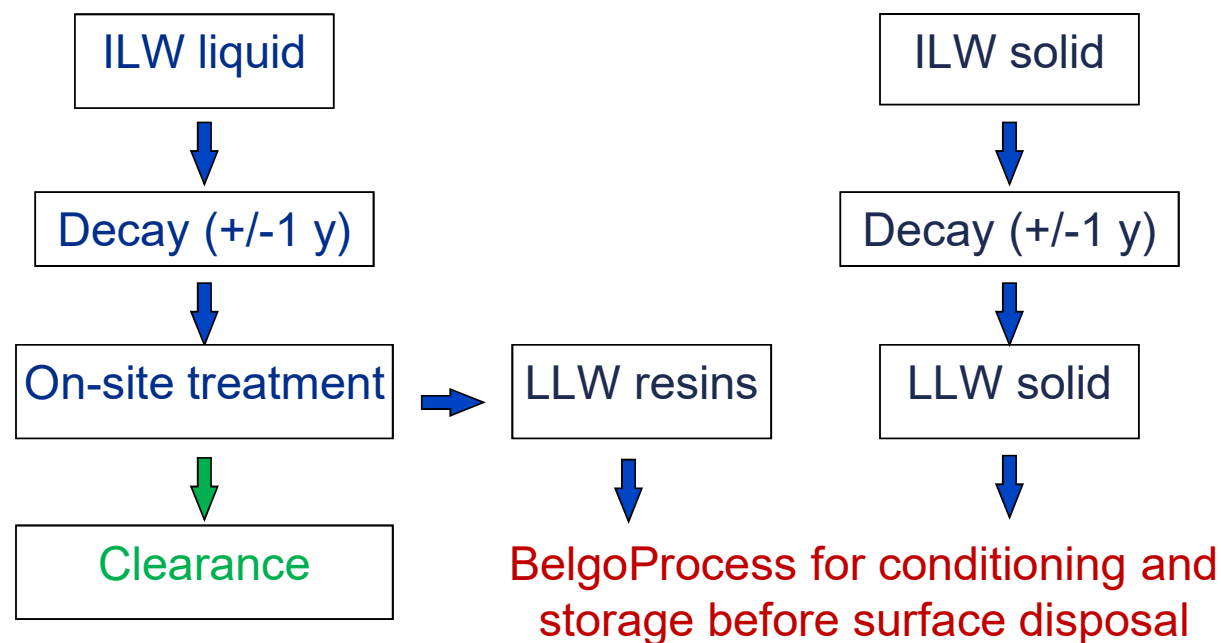
☼ High Level Waste are produced during the first steps of the production process

- Ex: molecular sieve, charcoal, zeolite



# ILW are stored for decay till LLW or clearance

☼ Intermediate Level Waste are produced during the first steps of the production process and the purification steps



# Management of HL and IL solid waste

- ☼ Contact dose rate: up to 400 Sv/h
- ☼ Collected from the production shielded hot cells in 10 L iron boxes
- ☼ Labelled for traceability
- ☼ Shielded transfer to waste management hot cell shielded by 120 cm high density concrete





# Management of HL and IL solid waste

## ☼ Preparation for storage

- Stainless steel overpack
- Dose rate measurement, no spectrometry

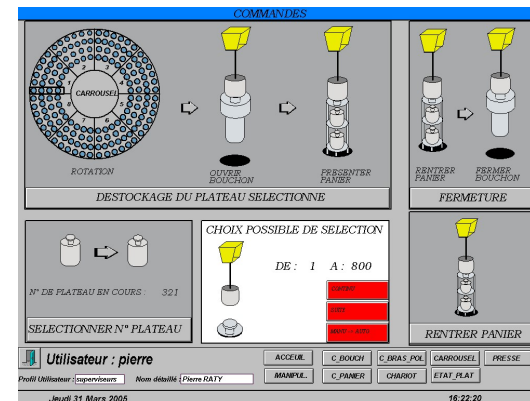
## ☼ Storage for decay

- Rotating store in the shielded cellar for 800 packages
- Diameter of the carousel is 7 meters, on 2 concentric rails
- Basket with 5 independent positions
- Accuracy of the positioning is less than 1mm



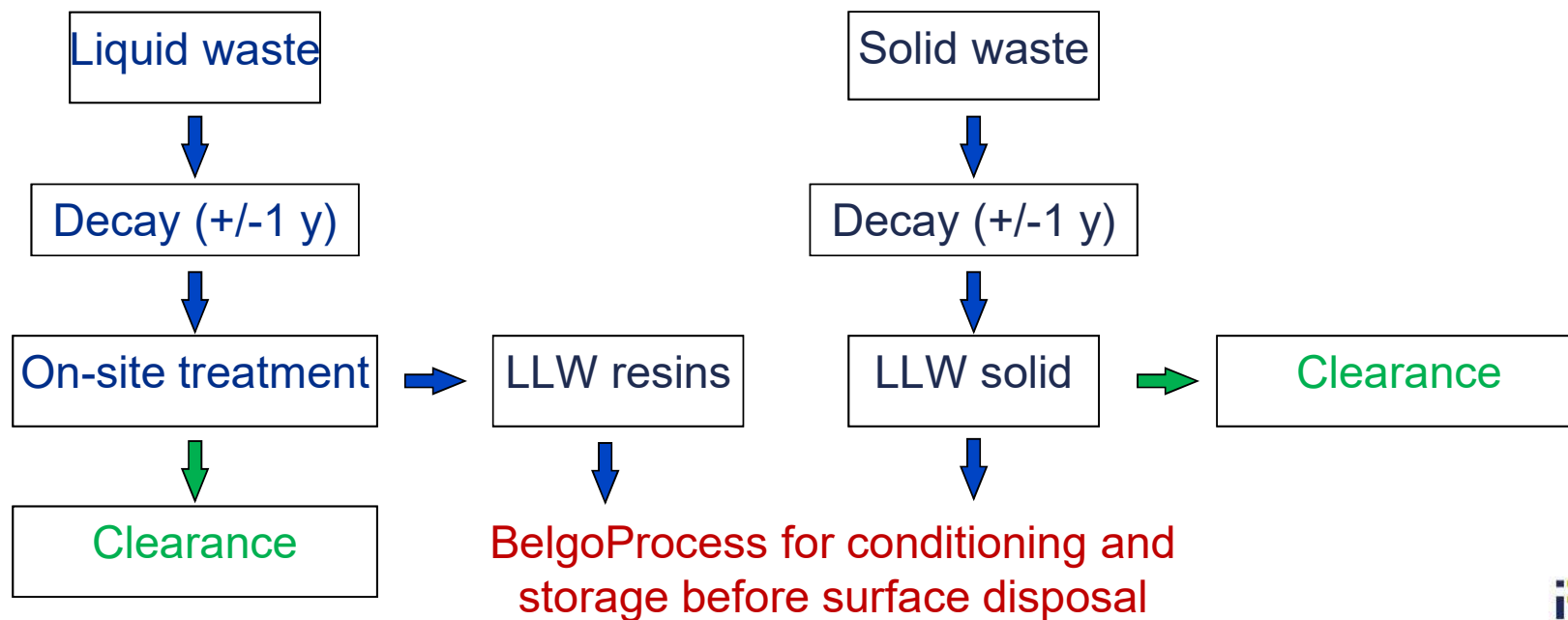
# Management of HL and IL solid waste

- ☢ Transfers are supervised by automatons
- ☢ Data are recorded
  - Origin of the waste, position, dose rate, etc.
- ☢ Packages dose rate are regularly measured
- ☢ Below 2 mSv/h, waste can be reconditioned as LLW
  - If possible, with volume reduction
  - More than 25 boxes in one drum





# Management of LLW

☼ Low Level Waste are produced during maintenance, decontamination and from laboratories



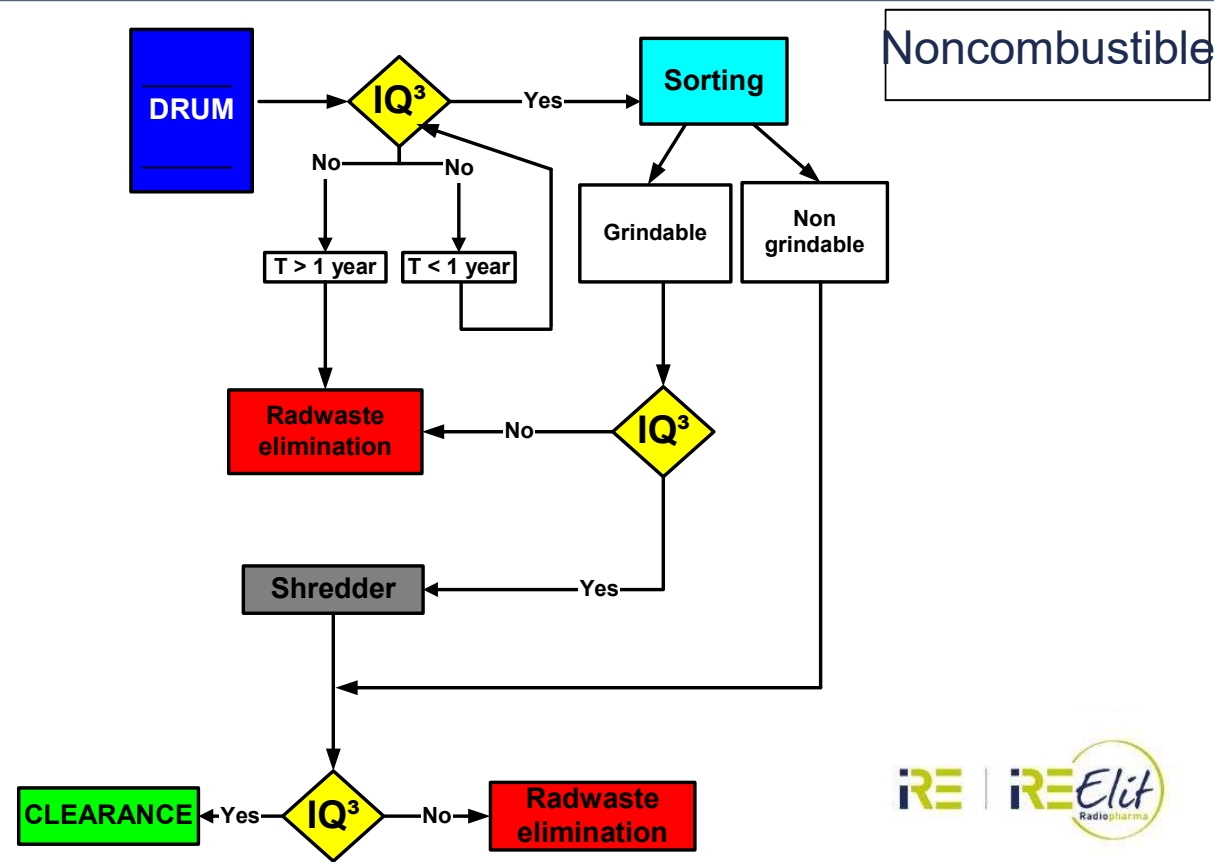
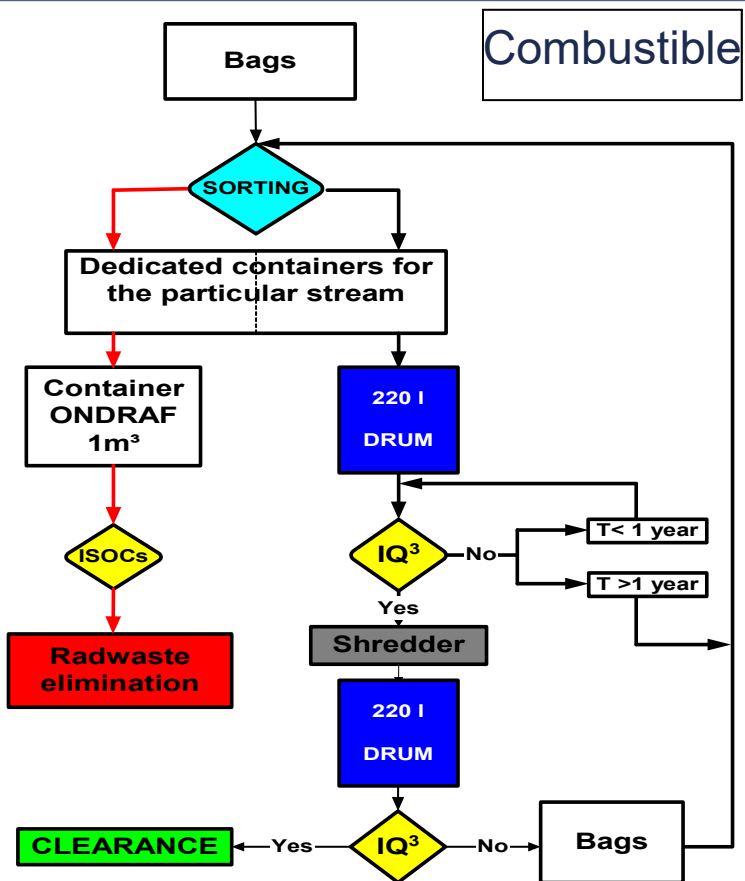
# Management of LLW

- ☼ More than 100 different fluxes of LLW on the site
  - Difficult to measure isotopes, half-life, contamination, etc.
  - Physico-chemical features
- ☼ Permanent traceability to differentiate the waste fluxes
- ☼ Characterization by gamma spectrometry (IQ3)
- ☼ Determination of difficult to measure isotopes
  - Inventory ( $^{90}\text{Sr}$  production)
  - Tracers
    - ❖ Knowledge and/or modelling of the process ( $^{144}\text{Ce}$  for U, Pu)
    - ❖ Chemical equivalent ( $^{131}\text{I}$  for  $^{129}\text{I}$  with decay correction)
  - Sample analysis
    - ❖ Issue of representativity and costly but sometime best option

14-I-003553		
		A11-A1
		Combustibles
		IRE
		06.1.38
Contamination :		DDD contact
<input type="checkbox"/> $<0.4 \text{ Bq/cm}^2 \text{ } \beta\gamma$		$\mu\text{Sv/h}$
<input type="checkbox"/> $<0.04 \text{ Bq/cm}^2 \alpha$		
Signature et date		DDD 1m $\mu\text{Sv/h}$
CR :		
		



# Management of LLW



# Conclusion

- ☼ IRE ensures a proper management of its radioactive waste through
- A very good knowledge of its production processes and the resulting waste fluxes
  - A continuous traceability of the waste packages
  - An on-site waste storage facility
  - Dedicated radiological characterization systems approved by the relevant authorities
  - Maximizing waste clearance
  - Limiting the production of radwaste by increasing workers awareness



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