The Role of Bioenergy in District Heating of Lithuania



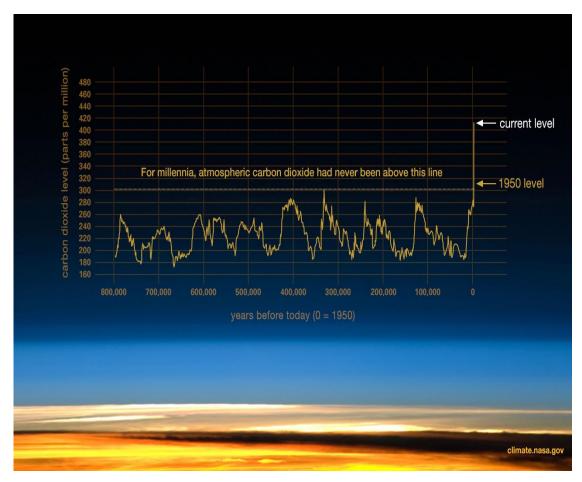
4th Energy Panel 17-18 October 2019 Vilnius, Lithuania



The Global Energy Transformation process

The main driver of the development of all the renewable energy technologies is understanding, that **global climate change** is a fact, which is caused by increasing consumption of fossil fuels.

The need **to stop** this consumption of fossil fuels is very urgent and **is an only problem solving solution.**

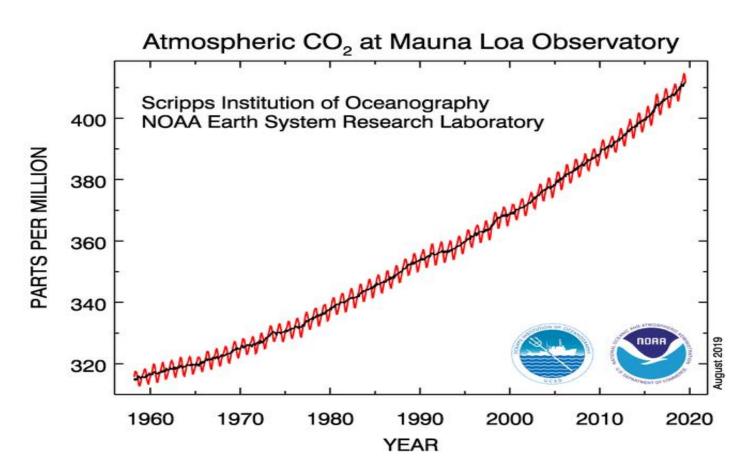




Source: NASA

Recent CO₂ concentration





July 2019: 411.77 ppm July 2018: 408.71 ppm Last updated: August 5, 2019

Record high in May 11th, 2019

415,26 ppm



Source: NOAA

IPCC 1.5

- 91 authors. 44 citizenships. 6000 cited references. 42 000 comments
- "Already seeing consequences of 1 degree warming through extreme weather, rising sea levels and diminishing ice"
- Limiting to 1.5 deg. C requires "rapid and far reaching" transition in land, energy...
- "... use of biomass can be higher ... due to potential to replace fossil fuels across all sectors (high confidence)..."



GLOBAL WARMING OF 1.5 °C

an IPCC special report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5 °C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways, in the context of strengthening the global response to the threat of climate change, sustainable development, and efforts to eradicate poverty

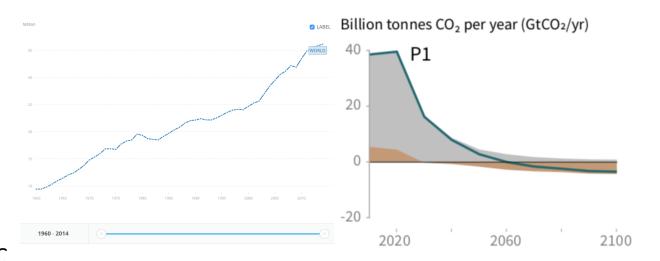


This Summary for Policymakers was formally approved at the First Joint Session of Working Groups I, II and III of the IPCC and accepted by the 48th Session of the IPCC, Incheon, Republic of Korea, 6 October 2018.

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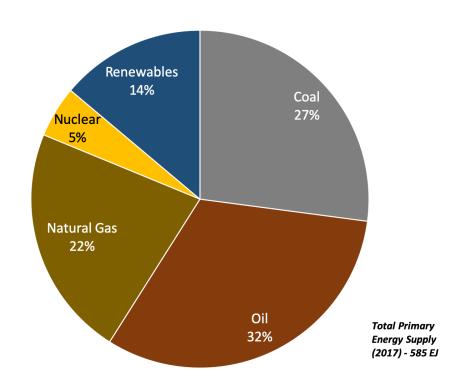




Source: IPCC

Total energy supply





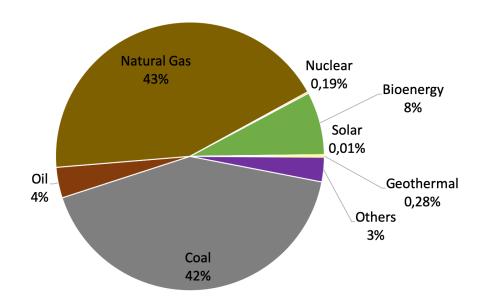
- Energy supply is dominated by the supply of fossil fuels: coal, oil and gas
- Energy supply increased by approx. 1.5% annually driven mainly by increased production of natural gas (2.4%)
- Renewables supply is stable at 13 – 14% since 2010



Global heat production







- Globally, about 14.5 EJ of heat energy is produced in CHP and heat only industries
- 40% of the heat is from burning coal while natural gas has become the leading heat source globally (42.%) since overtaking coal in 2015
- Renewable share in modern heating sector is only at 8 – 9% - dominated by use of biomass
- Traditional use of biomass for heating and cooking in less developed regions is significant



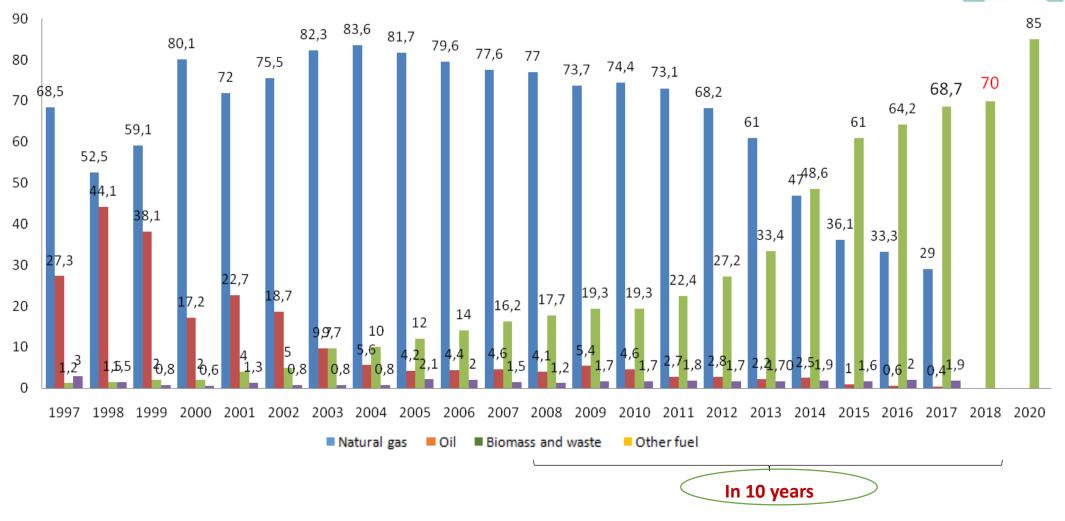
Lithuanian DH Sector – the Facts



- DH network is present in every city and in majority of smaller towns of Lithuania
- •Total length of DH network 2861 km
- Heat via DH provided to 53% of buildings (~70%-80% of buildings in the cities)
- •49 licensed DH companies operating
- •Installed capacity of biomass boilers ~1600 MW
- •44 Independent Heat Producers, providing 30,8% of heat (2018)
- •Total production of Heat 8,98 TWh, supplied to consumers 7,59 TWh; losses ~15 %
- •Total number of DH consumers 702.360
- •Average heat consumption 144 kWh/sq.m./Year (in Scandinavia 128 kWh/sq.m./Year)
- Total consumption of biomass (wood chips over 90%)- ~550.000 toe



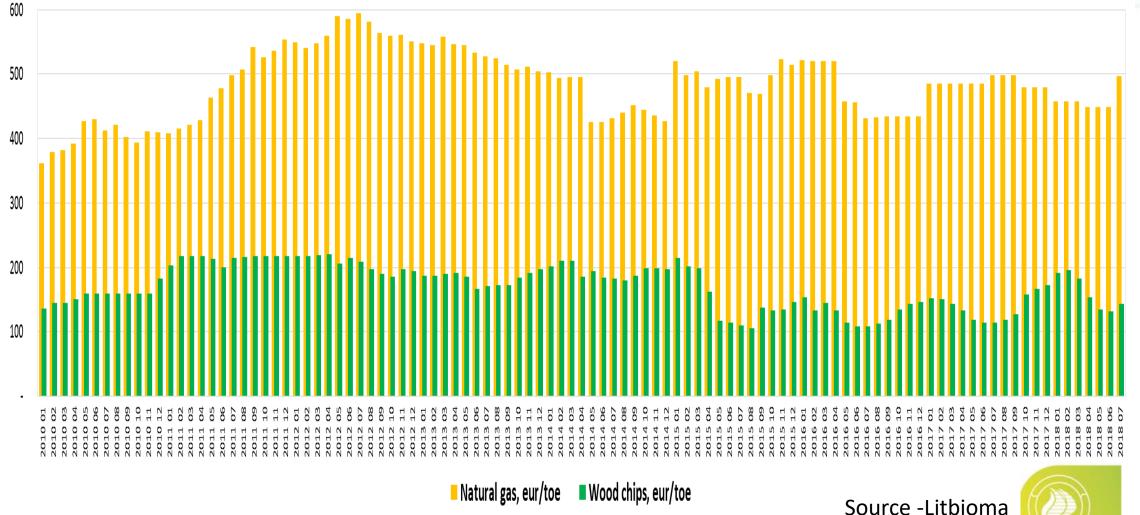
Success story – Biomass in Lithuanian DH sector





Comparison of prices at the Boiler-house for Biomass and Natural Gas

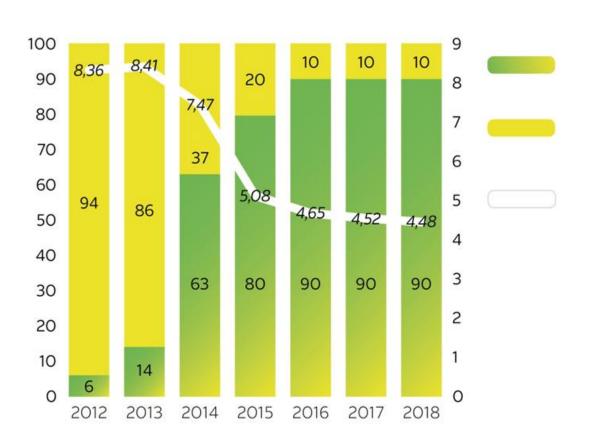






As a result – reduced prices for Heat in Lithuanian cities



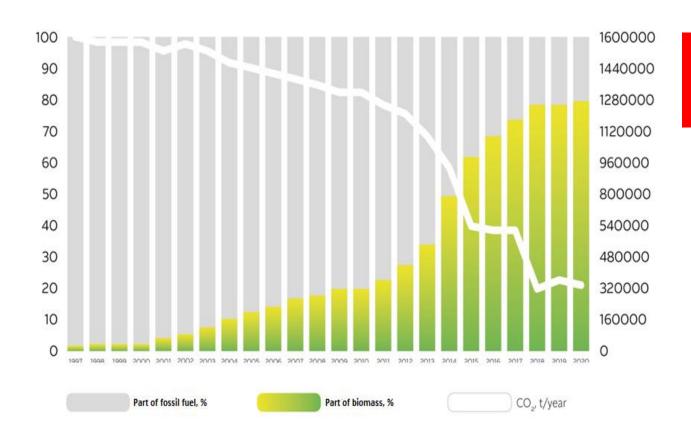


Depending on biomass share in fuel mix:
-25% to -40%



Reduction of Carbon Dioxide





SINCE 2000 CO₂
EMISSIONS REDUCED IN DH

-70 %



Direct effect of using local Biomass instead of imported natural Gas





VALUE: ~ 320 MLN EURO



VALUE: ~ 115 MLN EURO



Savings: ~ 200 M EUR/year





Global Initiative of Lithuania

- President of Lithuania G.Nausėda declared a global initiative "Transition to sustainable Heating" at 74th UN General Assembly
- For the first time heat is highlighted as the most important energy source (~50% of all the energy)
- Initiative is supported by number of countries
- Lithuania's success story in this field is an object to follow

















13 CLIMATE ACTION

















Global Bioenergy Development Directions

- Faster transition process from fossil fuel to renewable energy sources, including Bioenergy.
- Next wave of Bioenergy development will be related to better utilization of agriculture residues as biomass resource. Technological break-through is ahead.
- Solving the **renewable mobility.**Development of technologies of 2nd generation liquid biofuel production.







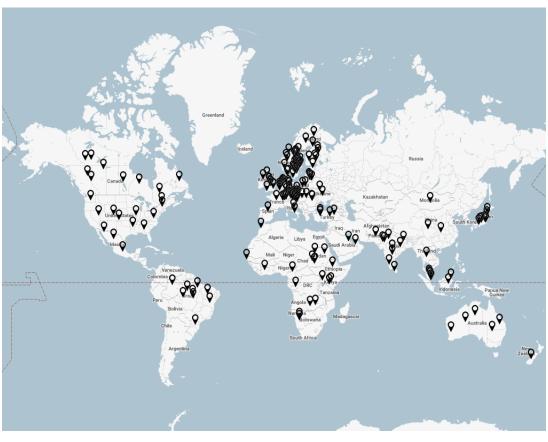
About the WBA

Our Mission

To promote the <u>sustainable</u> development of bioenergy on a <u>global</u> <u>level</u> and to support the <u>business</u> environment for bioenergy

- Member driven organization with more than 250 members from all continents
- More than 65 countries represented in the membership
- Established in 2008
- Secretariat in Stockholm, Sweden
- Branch-office in China, with Indonesia and Canada on the way







Join WBA as a Member

- WBA is leading global voice on bioenergy.
- Engagement at senior levels with pragmatic environmental NGOs, multilateral institutions such as the UN, IEA, IRENA and the international media to speak up for bioenergy.
- As a member, our association provides an opportunity to take part in high-value mission trips to different parts of the world
- Membership in the global bioenergy community also enables you to have latest information about biomass and bioenergy developments around the world
- Access to WBA's knowledge tools to understand best practices in forest management, agriculture and industrial processes.







Thank you!



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SILVER SUPPORTER OF WBA:





