



***Eastern Partnership
2nd Energy panel***

27 November 2018 | Brussels, Belgium

LNG prospects in Ukraine

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Naftogaz of Ukraine

Country member
of the Eastern
Partnership

Russian gas
supply (ave), bcm

Dependency
on Russian gas (est)

Ukraine

0

>0%

Georgia

~0,2

~10%

Azerbaijan

~1,9

~18%

Armenia

~2

~83%

Moldova

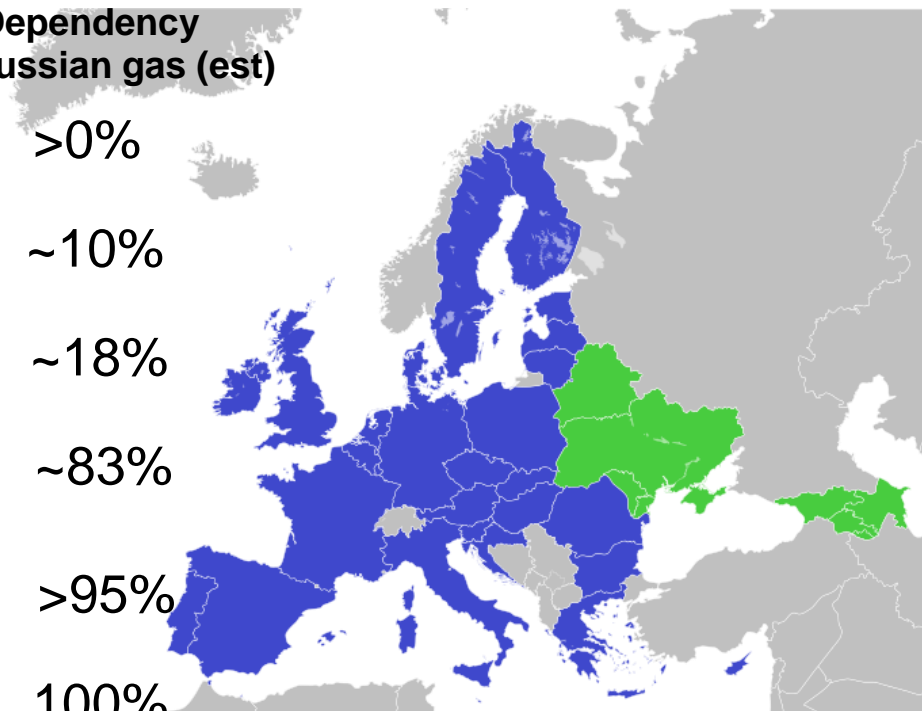
~3

>95%

Belarus

~19

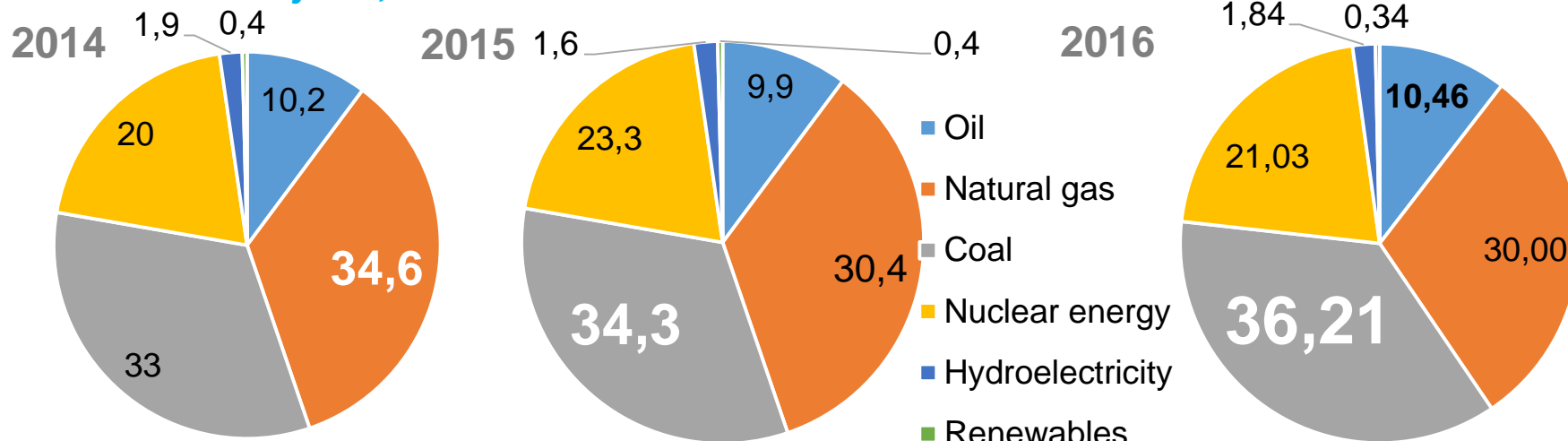
100%



Energy profile of Ukraine

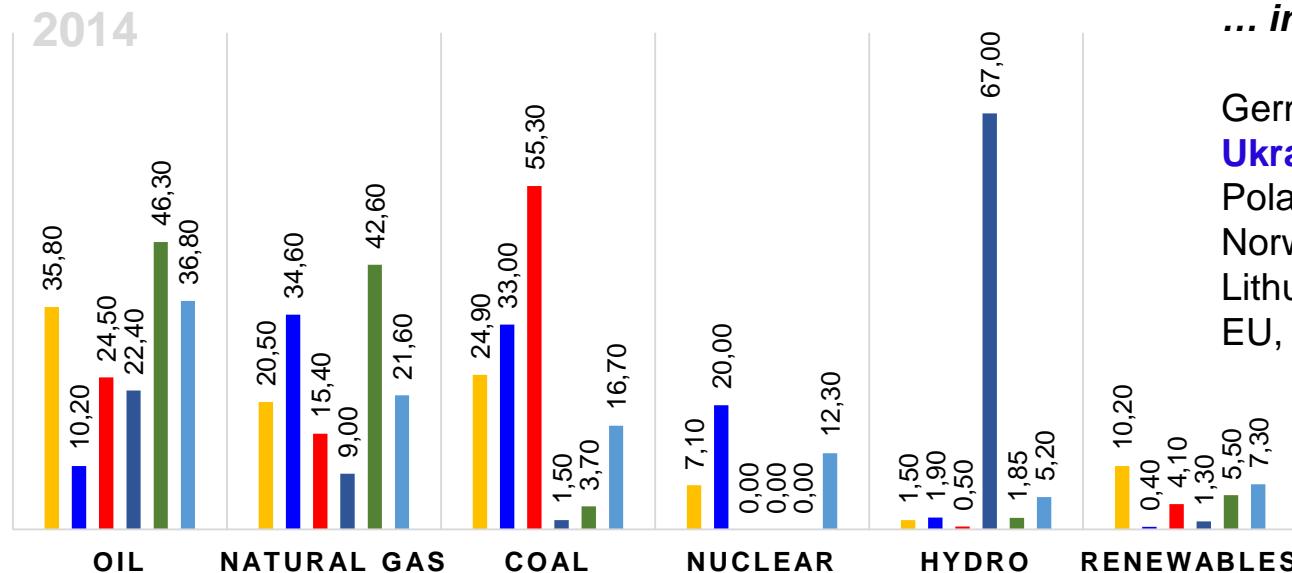
Primary energy consumption in Ukraine

... in Ukraine by fuel, %



... in some countries by fuel, %

Germany (yellow) Ukraine (blue) Poland (red) Norway (dark blue) Lithuania (green) EU countries, total (light blue)



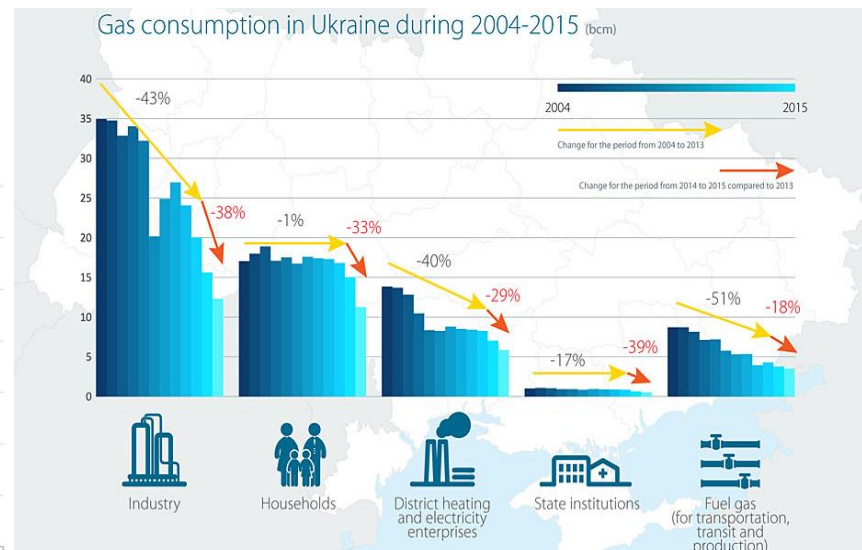
... in total by countries, mln.toe:

	2014	2015	2016
Germany	311	320,6	322,5
Ukraine	100,1	85,1	87
Poland	95,7	95	96,7
Norway	46,7	47,1	48,6
Lithuania	5,4	5,3	5,5
EU, total	1611,4	1575	1642

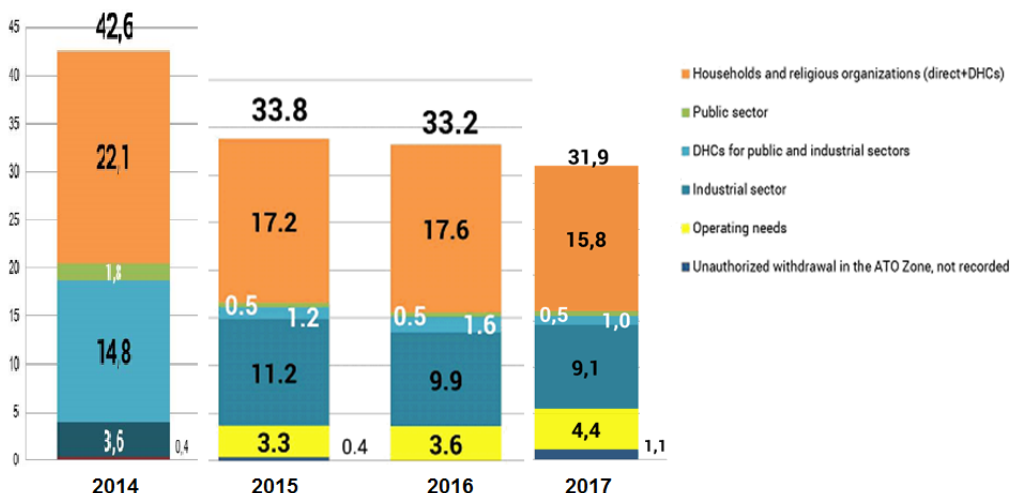
Natural gas consumption ~31,9 bcm in 2017

actual volumes in total

- Industry
- Households, district heating companies, government financed institutions
- Production and technological costs of gas distribution companies
- Production and technological costs of gas extraction and transport companies
- Unauthorized withdrawal in the ATO Zone



main consumers



Consumer category

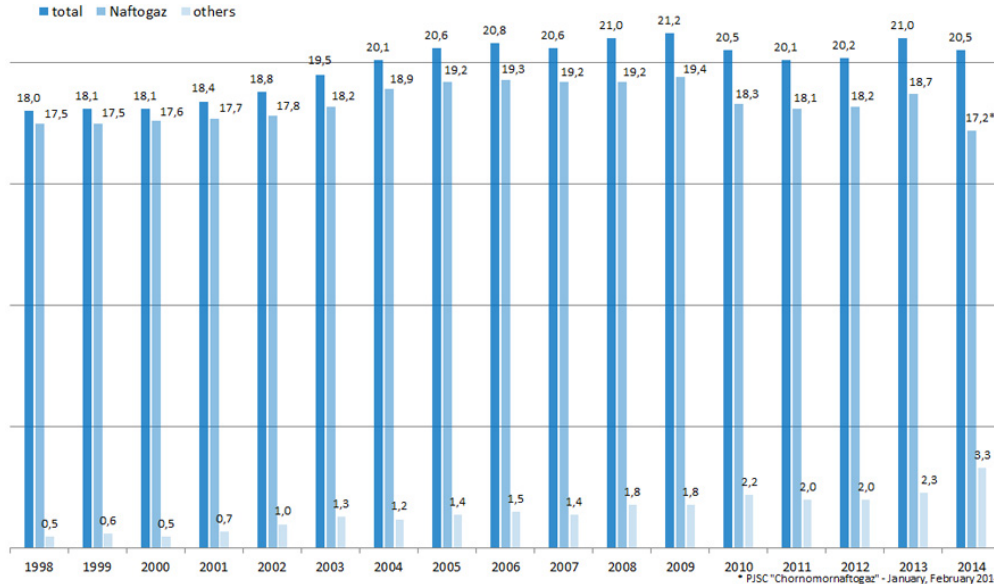
Consumer category	2015	2016	2017	+/- %
Households	11.3	11.9	11.2	-6%
DHCs* for households	5.9	5.7	5.6	
Religious organizations (direct + DHCs)	0.017	0.019	0.019	
Regulated segments total:	17.2	17.6	16,8	-5%
Public sector	0.5	0.5	0.5	0%
DHCs for public and industrial sectors	1.2	1.6	0	
Industrial sector	11.2	9.9	9.1	-6%
Operating needs (gas production, transmission and distribution)	3.3	3.6	4,4	+16%
Unregulated segments total:	16.2	15.6	14.0	-10%
Unauthorized withdrawal in the ATO zone, unrecorded volumes and imbalance	0.4	0.01	1.1	
Total	33.8	33.2	31.9	-4%

Natural gas consumption in Ukraine is decreasing

* District Heating

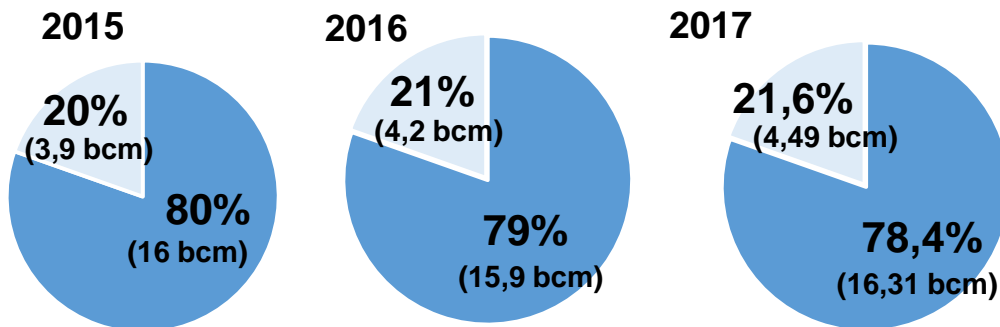
Natural gas production – 20,8 bcm in 2017

Gas production, bcm



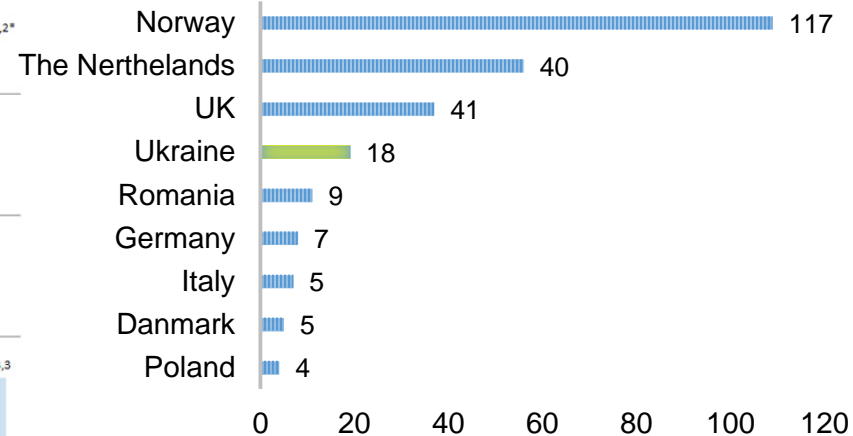
Source: <http://naftogaz-europe.com>

Main local gas producers

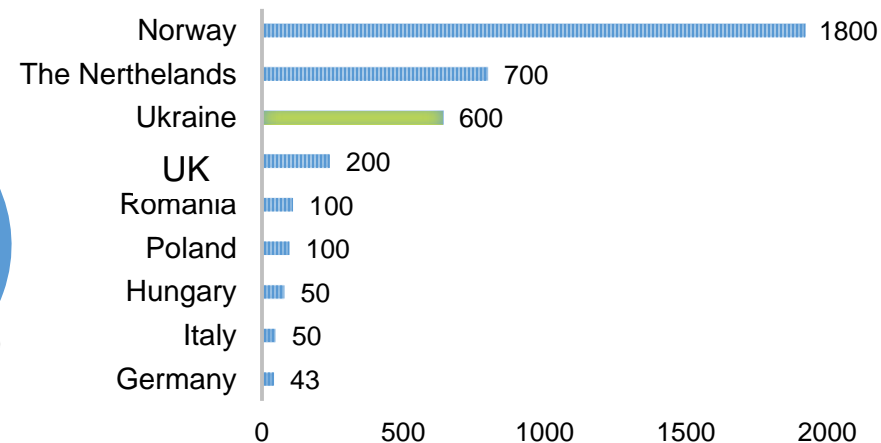


■ Naftogaz of Ukraine (incl. Ukgazvydobubannya, Ukrnafta, excl. Chornomornaftogaz on occupied territory in Crimea)

THE BIGGEST GAS PRODUCTION COUNTRIES IN EUROPE IN 2016, BCM

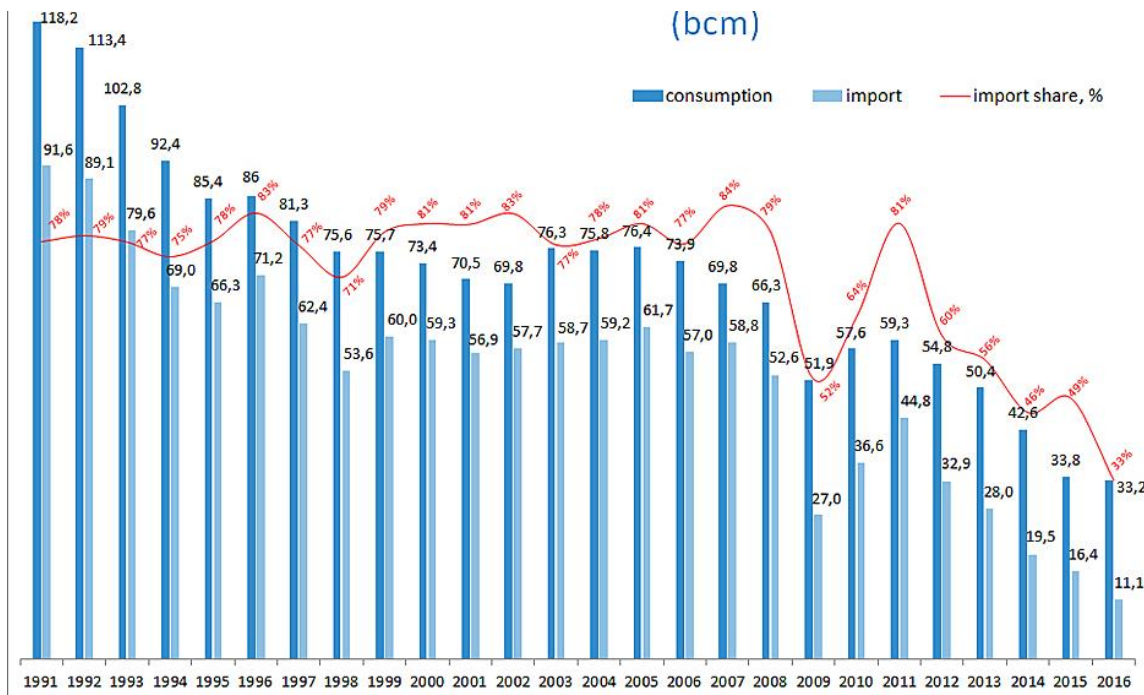


THE BIGGEST GAS PROVED RESERVES BY COUNTRIES IN EUROPE, BCM

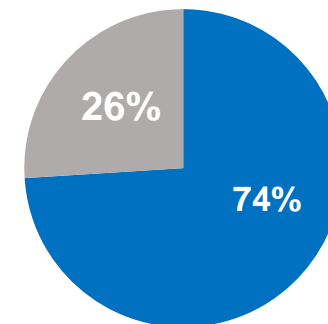


Source: BP Statistical review, June 2017

Gas import by sources – 14,1 bcm in 2017



Gas import structure in 2016, %

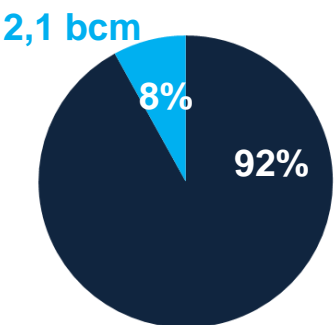


- Above 20 importers

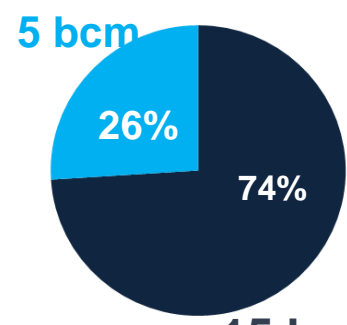
Main importer - NAFTOGAZ GROUP

In 2017 up to 30 importers

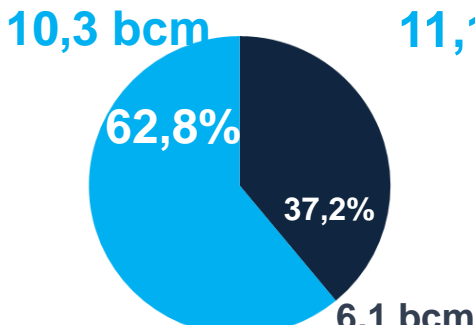
2013 – 27,9 bcm



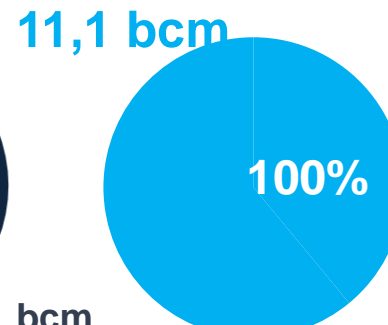
2014 – 20 bcm



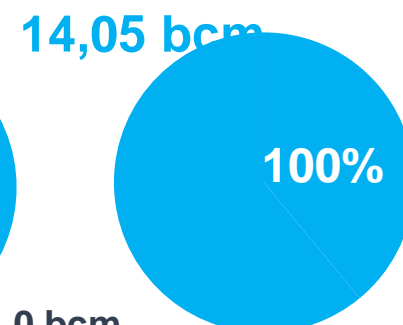
2015 – 16,4 bcm



2016 – 11,1 bcm



2017 – 14,05 bcm



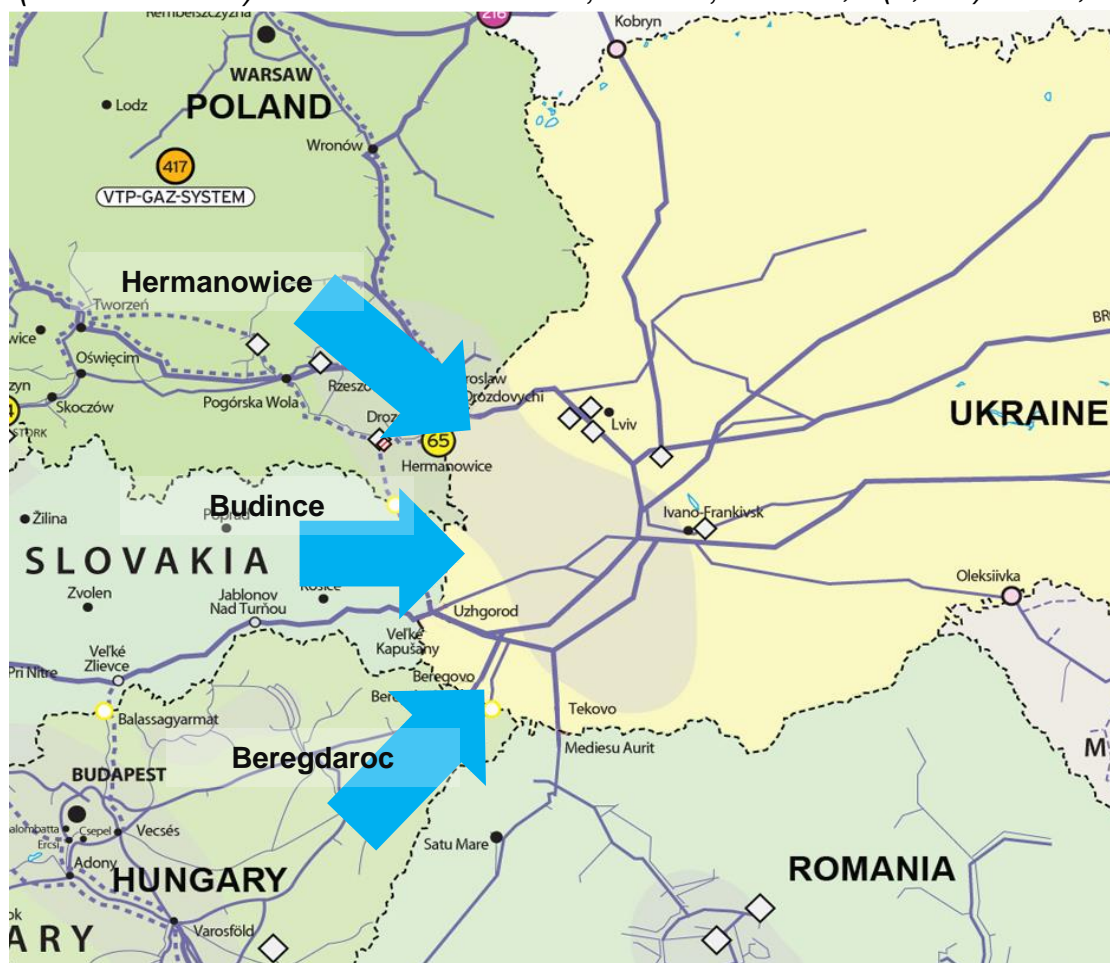
■ Russia, single supplier

■ Europe, multiple suppliers

Natural gas import by directions (diversification)

Import directions	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Import, total:	28	19,5	16,4	11,1	14,05
from Russia	25,8	14,5	6,1	0	0
from EU, total	2,1	5,0	10,3	11,1 (8,17*)	14,05
<i>via Poland (GMS Hermanowice)</i>	0,99	0,9	0,1	1,0 (0,01*)	1,305
<i>via Hungary (GMS Beregdaroc)</i>	1,1	0,6	0,5	1,0 (0,02*)	2,835
<i>via Slovakia (GMS Budince)</i>	0	3,6	9,7	9,1 (8,14*)	9,91

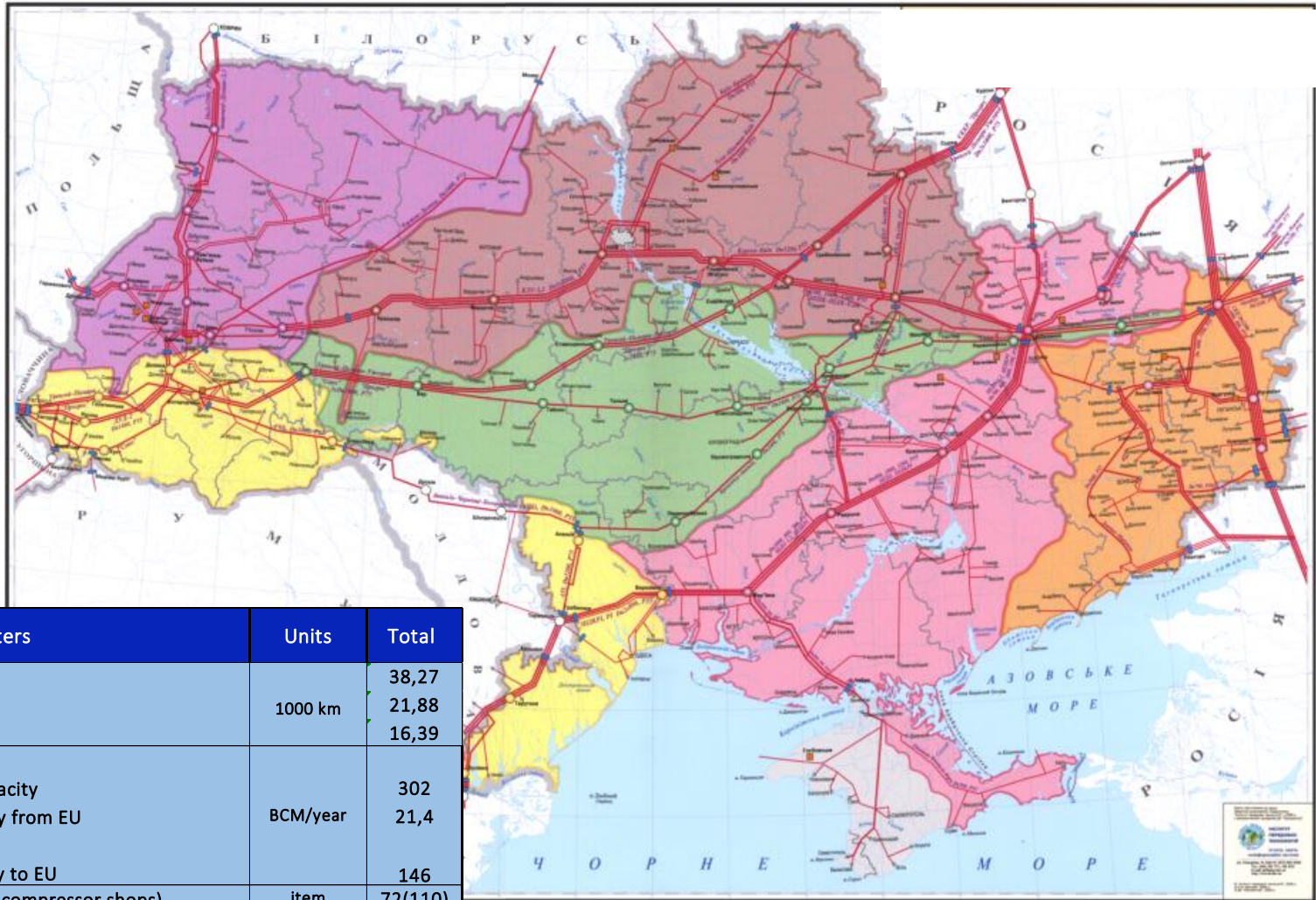
*Note: Naftogaz's volumes



Russia

Gas transmission system of Ukraine

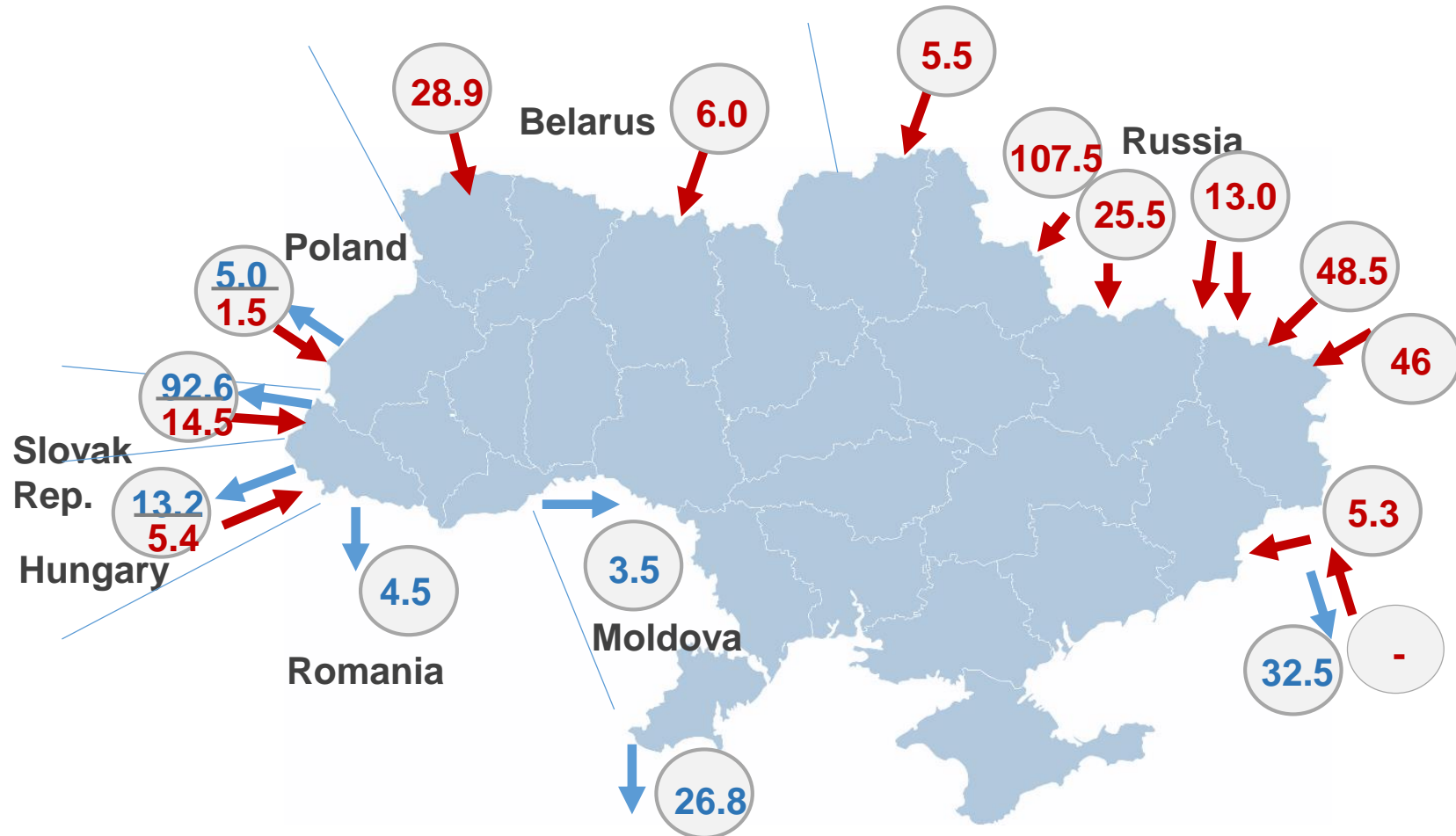
- *Main parameters*



Parameters	Units	Total
Length of gas pipelines, total		38,27
including: - gas mains	1000 km	21,88
- pipeline branches		16,39
Throughput capacity of GTS:		
entry capacity	BCM/year	302
entry cappacity from EU		21,4
exit capacity to EU		146
Number of compressor stations (compressor shops)	item	72(110)
Number of gas compressor units	item	702
Capacity of compressor stations	MW	5 448,0
Number of underground gas storage facilities (UGSF)	item	12
Total working volume of UGSF	bcm	30,95
Number of gas distribution stations (GDS)	item	1456

The reliability of Ukrtransgaz' transportation system has been certified according to quality standard ISO 9001, a leading international benchmark.

- Entry/exit points and their capacities



Total «Entry» capacity – 302 bcma, including:
 280,6 bcma (on UA border with RF and Belarus);
 21.4 bcma (on UA-EU border in UA direction)

Total «Exit» capacity – 146 bcma (in EU direction)

Legend:

«Entry» →

«Exit» ←

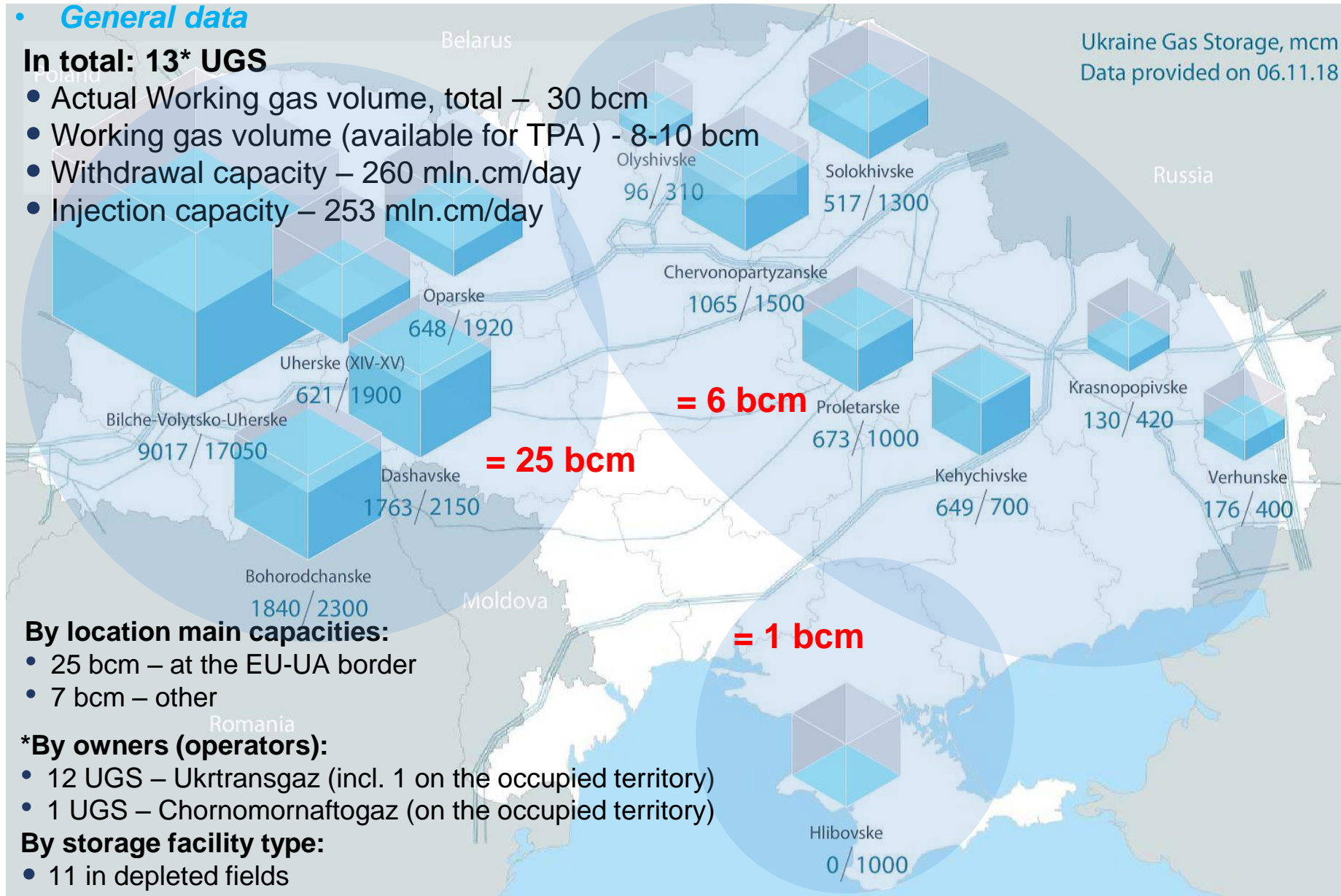
Underground gas storage of Ukraine

• General data

In total: 13* UGS

- Actual Working gas volume, total – 30 bcm
- Working gas volume (available for TPA) - 8-10 bcm
- Withdrawal capacity – 260 mln.cm/day
- Injection capacity – 253 mln.cm/day

Ukraine Gas Storage, mcm
Data provided on 06.11.18



By location main capacities:

- 25 bcm – at the EU-UA border
- 7 bcm – other

*By owners (operators):

- 12 UGS – Ukrtransgaz (incl. 1 on the occupied territory)
- 1 UGS – Chornomornaftogaz (on the occupied territory)

By storage facility type:

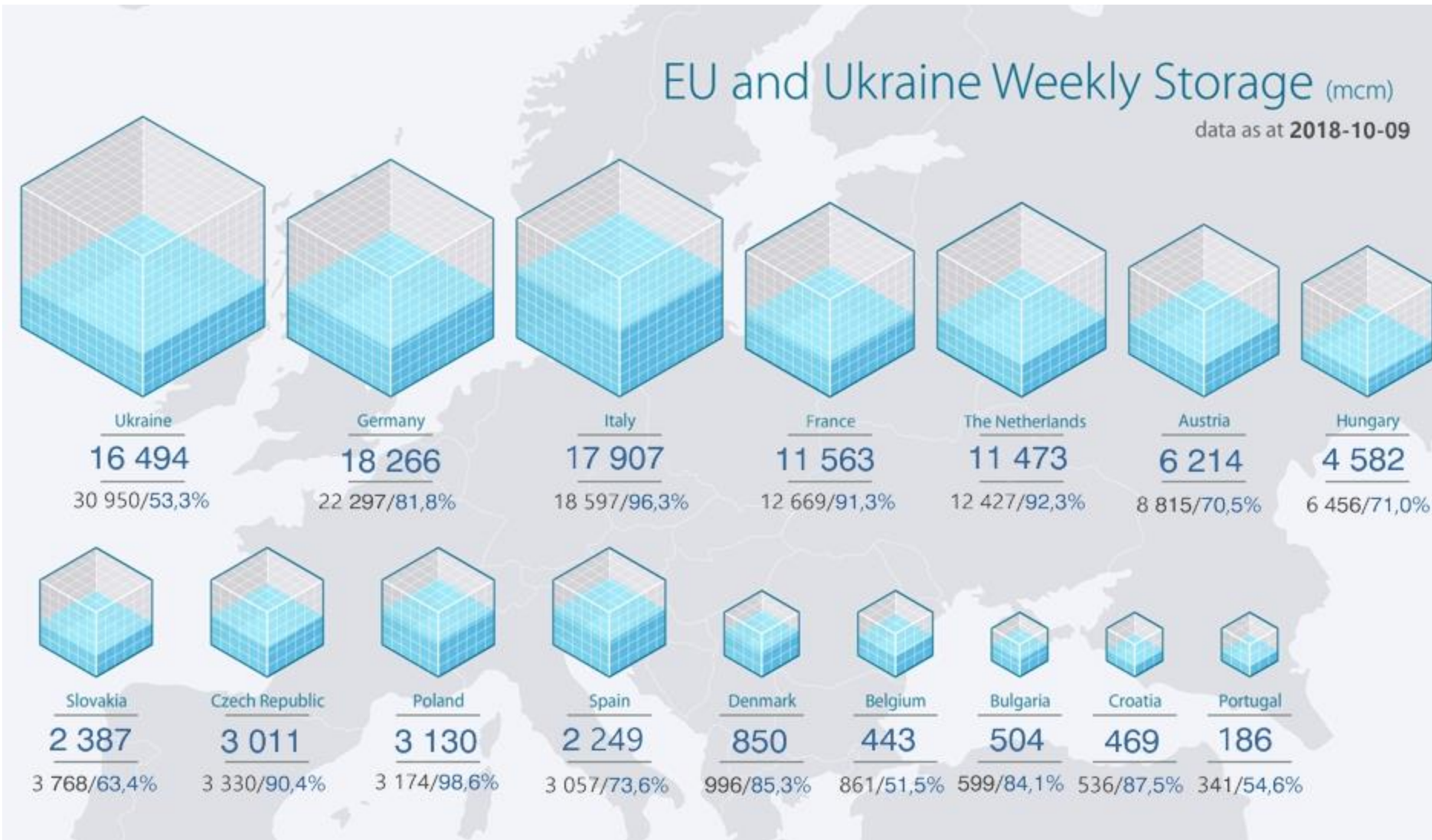
- 11 in depleted fields
- 2 in aquifer (incl. 1 on the occupied territory)

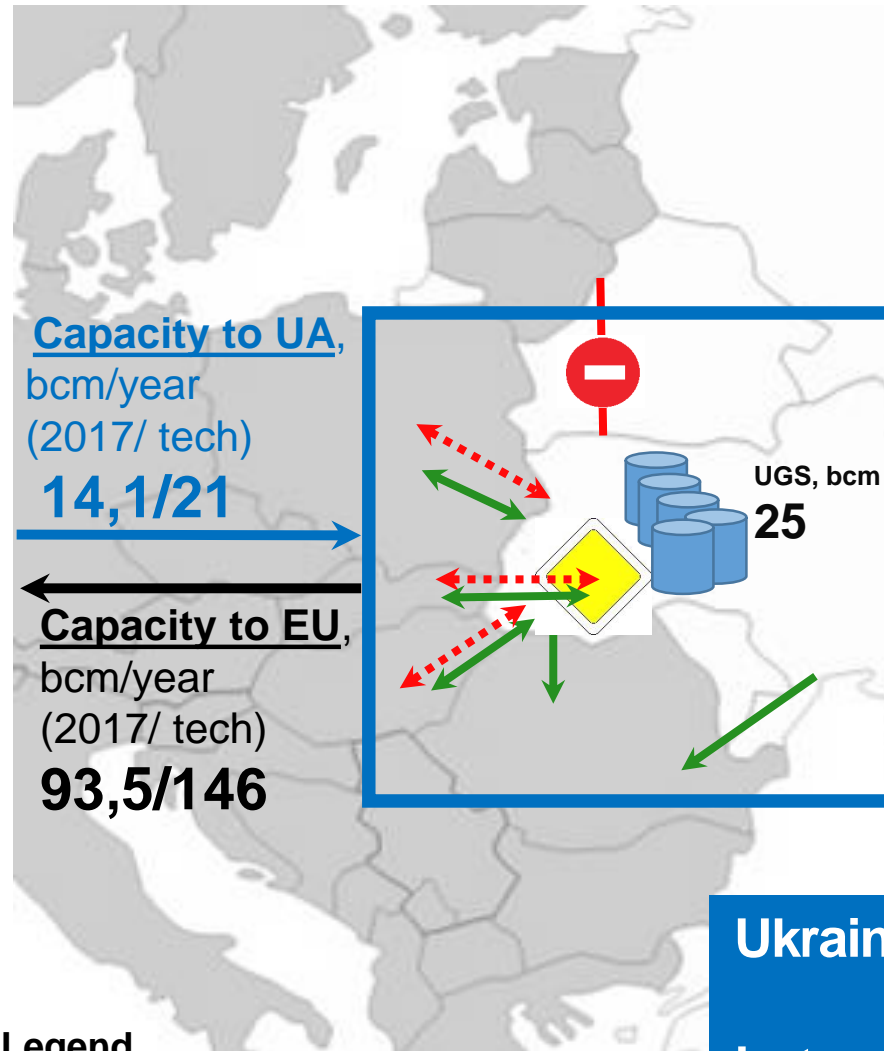
Underground gas storage of Ukraine (continue)

- comparative analysis and ranking*

Ukrainian UGS - one of the biggest gas storage system of the world

- 3rd rank by **Working gas volume** in the world





UkrGasVydobuvannya

- Gas production increase Program 20/20
 - Increase efficiency field development
 - Intensification program



UKRTRANSGAS

- Improve capacity on EU-UA border
- Implements EU energy legislation (incl. IA)
- Participation in EU infrastructure initiatives
 - Seeking new developments
 - Diversification routes of supply

Ukrainian gas corridor is one of the several routes of RU gas supply to EU.... but only one that Gazprom doesn't control!

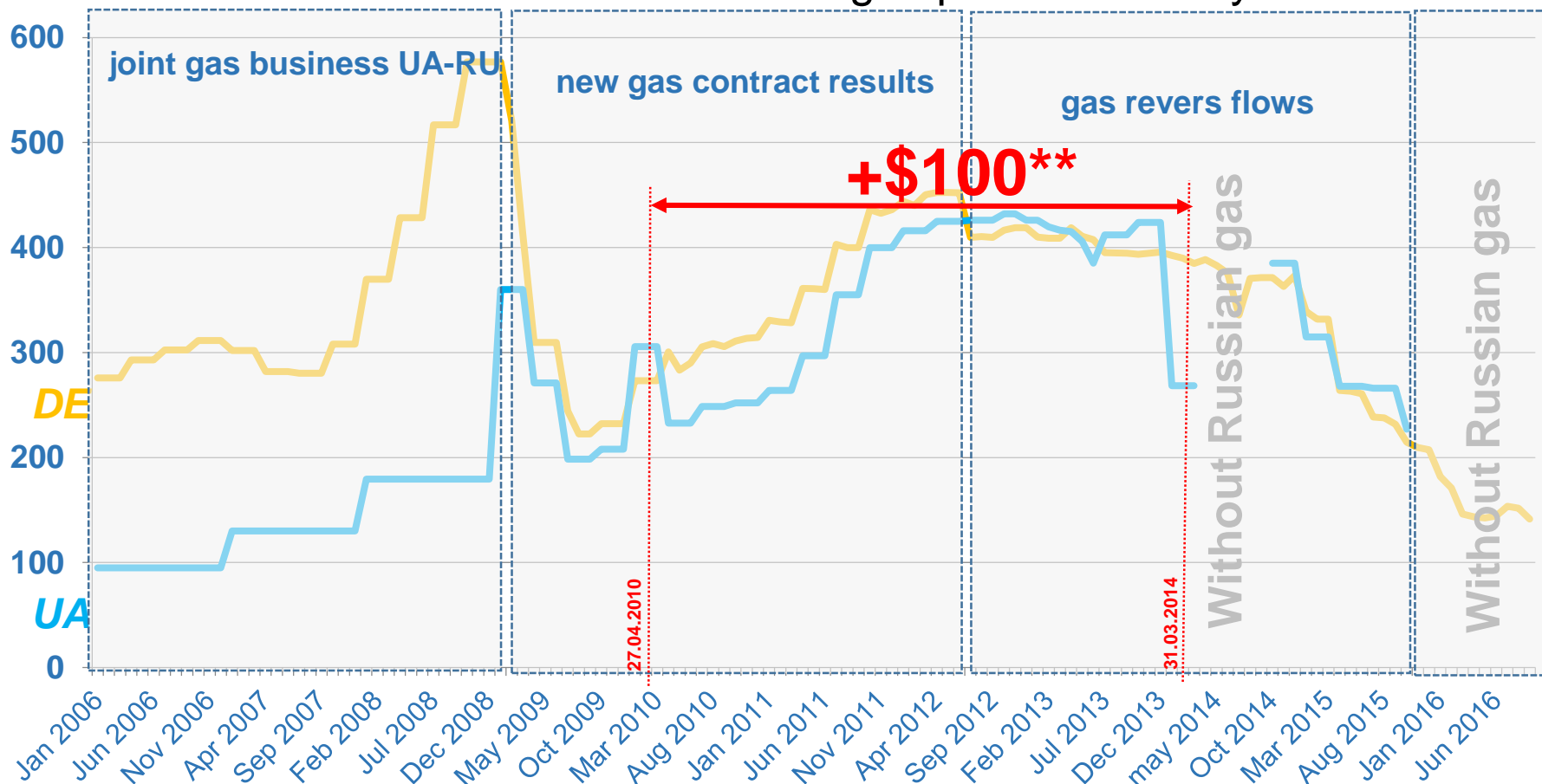
Legend

- Existing routes of supply
- Existing routes blocked by Gazprom
- New developments

... it's real reason to discredit UA's gas corridor

LNG prospects in Ukraine

Russian gas price: Germany vs Ukraine*

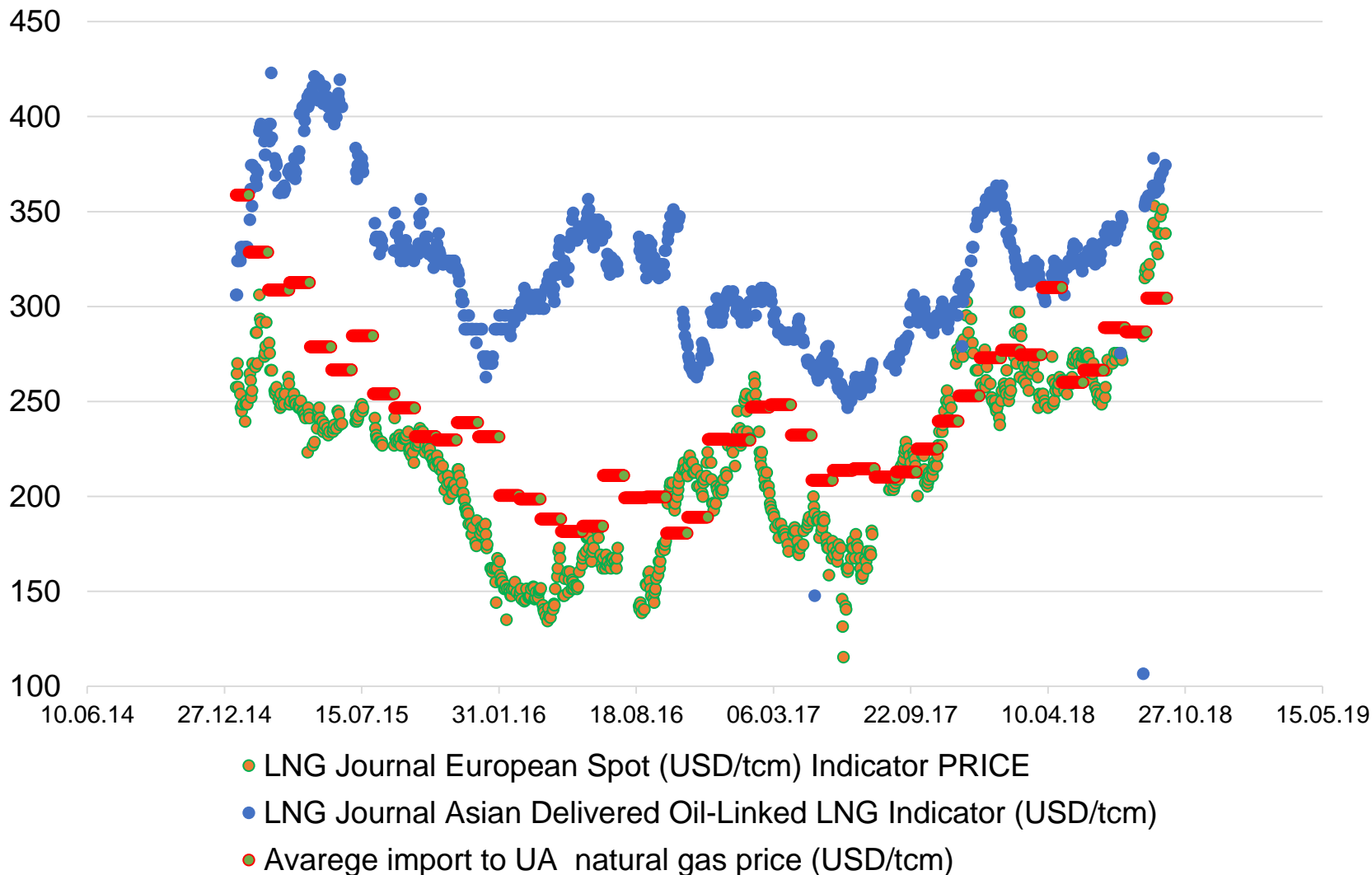


* for Germany converted from original \$/MMBtu; ** Conditions: if RU gas price \geq \$330/tcm – discount is \$100, if \leq \$333/tcm – discount is 30%

1096

days without Russian gas import (on 27.11.2018)

Prices for pipe gas for Ukraine vs LNG in Europe, \$/tcm



..... stable LNG competitiveness in question

Current status LNG-project in Ukraine

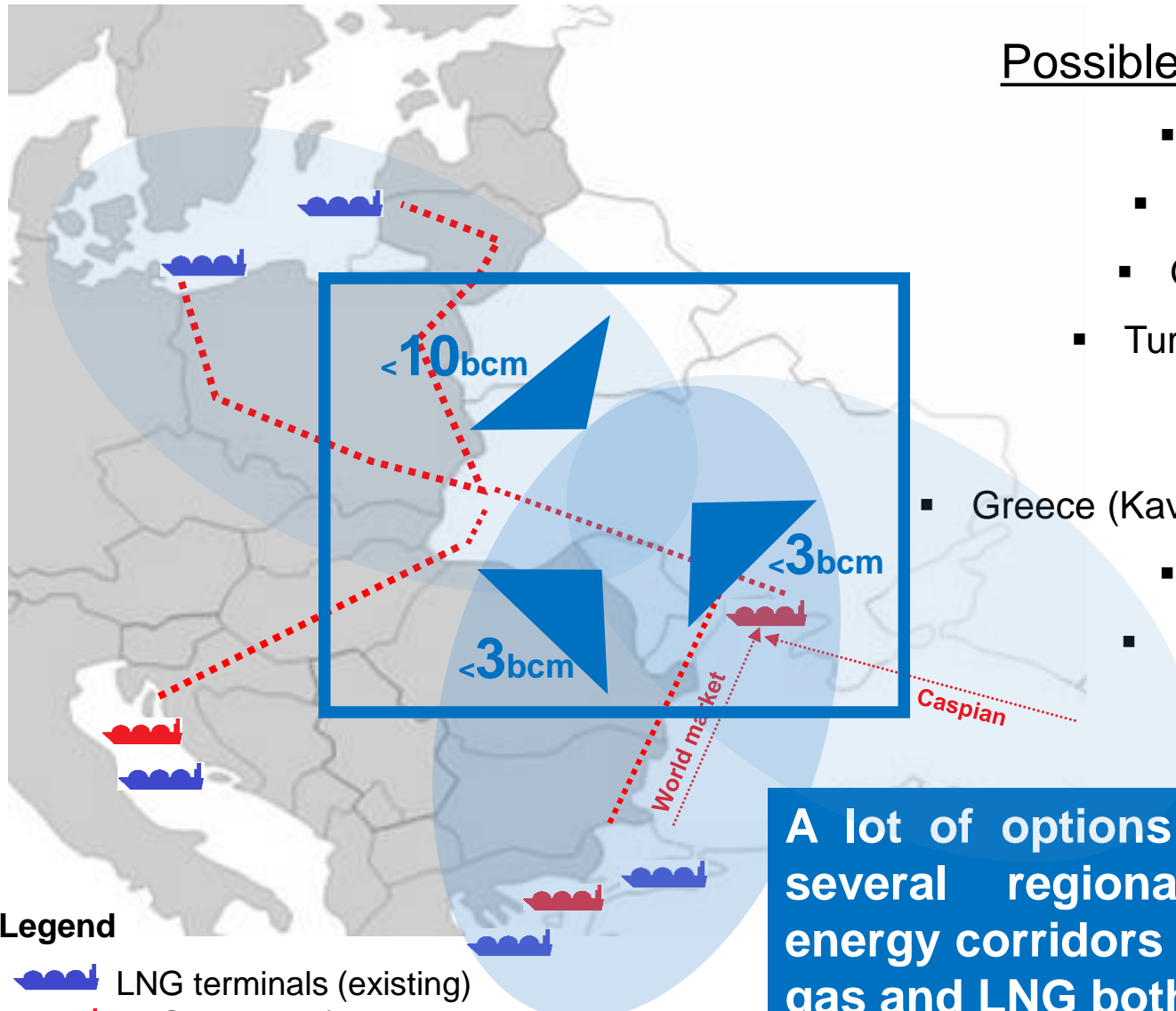
- There is a need for import and further diversification of gas supplies
- The State Enterprise "National Project" LNG Terminal“ was created in 2010 for the realization of the LNG project
- There were 2 feasibility studies for the LNG terminal (onshore and FSRU) developed
- There is interest from domestic companies and potential foreign investors in the implementation of the LNG project: financing, construction, supply and solve Bosphorus pass issues (but needed State guaranties)
- In August 2017 est. a Working Group for resume consideration on the construction of a LNG terminal in Ukraine and to develop options for LNG supplies to Ukraine

LNG terminal benchmarks

Type and name LNG terminal	Commissioned projects		Valuation for Ukraine		
	Onshore «Świnoujście»	FSRU «Independence»	Onshore	FSRU	FSRU
Project executive	«Polskie LNG» (Gaz System)	«Klaypedos Nafta»	SE «LNG-terminal» (MEDT)	SE «LNG-terminal» (MEDT)	«TIS ltd», Odessagas
Place, year of commission	PL, Świnoujście, 2016	LT, Klaypeda, 2014	UA, Odessa, on entry of Yuzhny port	UA, Odessa, Yuzhny port, MNT Pivdenniy (JSC Ukrtransnafta)	UA, Odessa, Yuzhny port
Developer Feasibility study	SNC Lavalin (Canada)	BMGS (Latvia)	Socoin (Fenosa, Spain)	ILF Polska	n/a
Regasification capacity, bcm	5/7.5	4	10	5	5
Storage tanks	320 (2*160)/+1*160	170 (size FSRU vessel)	540 (3*180)	180 (size FSRU vessel)	(size FSRU vessel)
Additional facilities	-	Charter FSRU-vessel (owner Hoegh LNG)	-	Charter FSRU-vessel (owner Excelerate Energy)	Charter FSRU-vessel (owner n/a)
Construction period, years	>5	<3	3	9m - 4	4m-16 m
CAPEX, mln. €	>950	~890 (200+690)	954.2	726.5 (36.5+690)	n/a (49+n/a)



Sources: Analysis of the Department of Strategic Planning and Control



Possible routes & sources

- Lithuania (Klaipeda)
- Poland (Swinoujscie)
- Greece (Revithoussa)
- Turkey (Marmara Eriglisi)

Projected

- Greece (Kavala, Alexandroupoulos)
- Croatia (Krk Island)
- Ukraine (near Odesa)

Legend

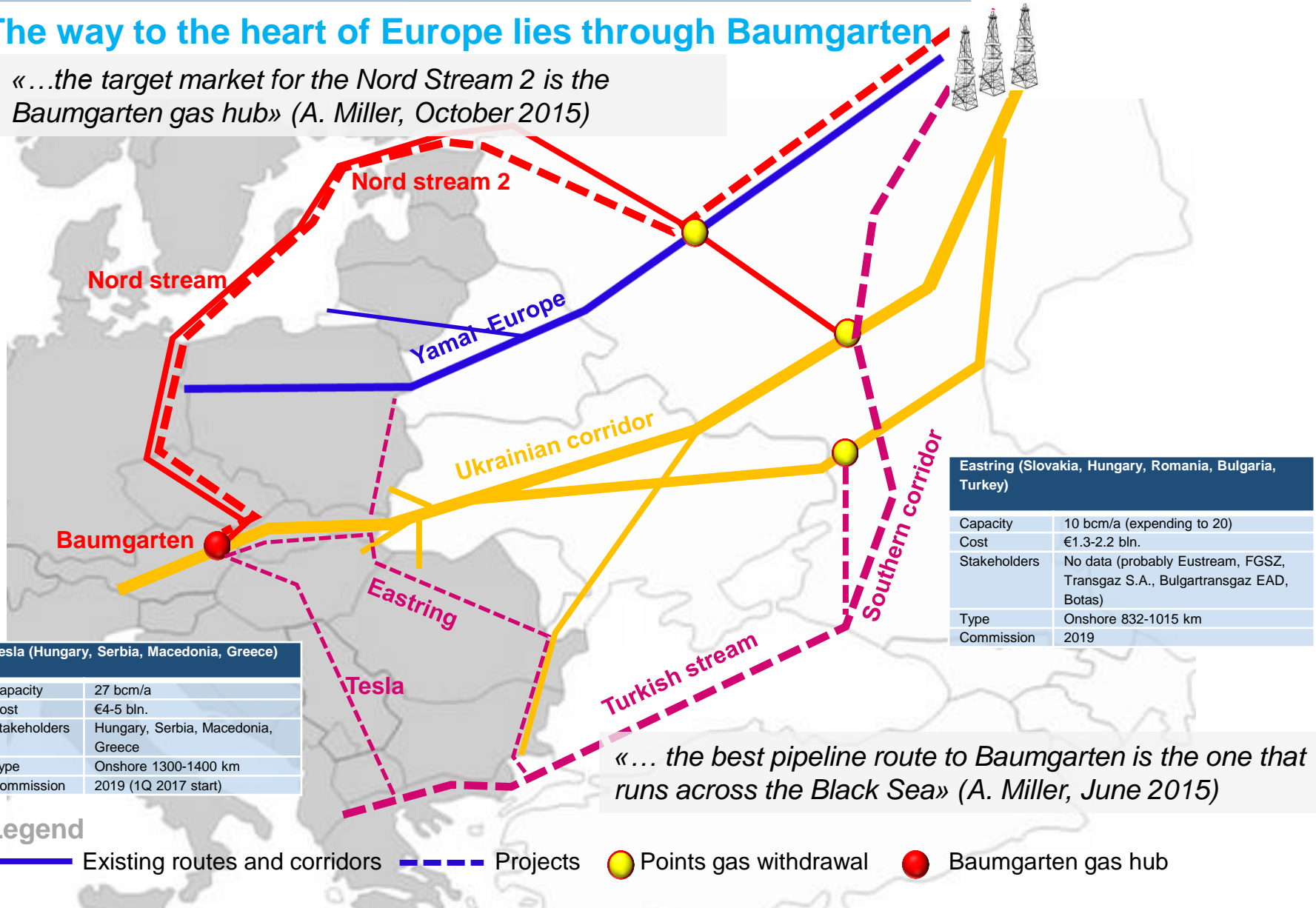
- LNG terminals (existing)
- LNG terminal (Projected, proposed and under construction)
- <3bcm Potential of gas supply by corridors

A lot of options to connect with several regional markets and energy corridors to receive natural gas and LNG both

„New“ Gazprom’s strategy

The way to the heart of Europe lies through Baumgarten

«...the target market for the Nord Stream 2 is the Baumgarten gas hub» (A. Miller, October 2015)

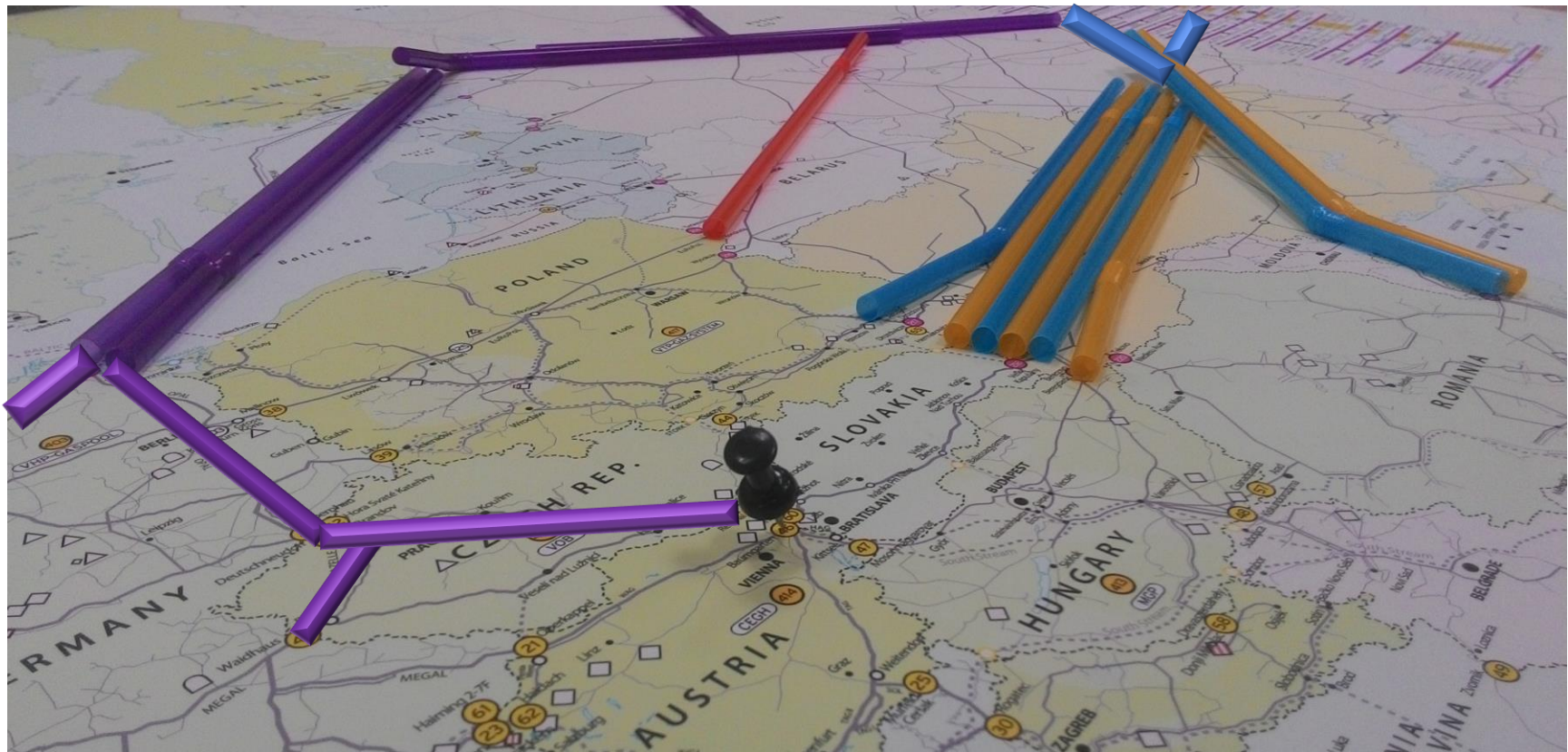


«... the best pipeline route to Baumgarten is the one that runs across the Black Sea» (A. Miller, June 2015)

Legend

- Existing routes and corridors
- - - Projects
- Points gas withdrawal
- Baumgarten gas hub

... challenges & threats which presented as opportunities for EU

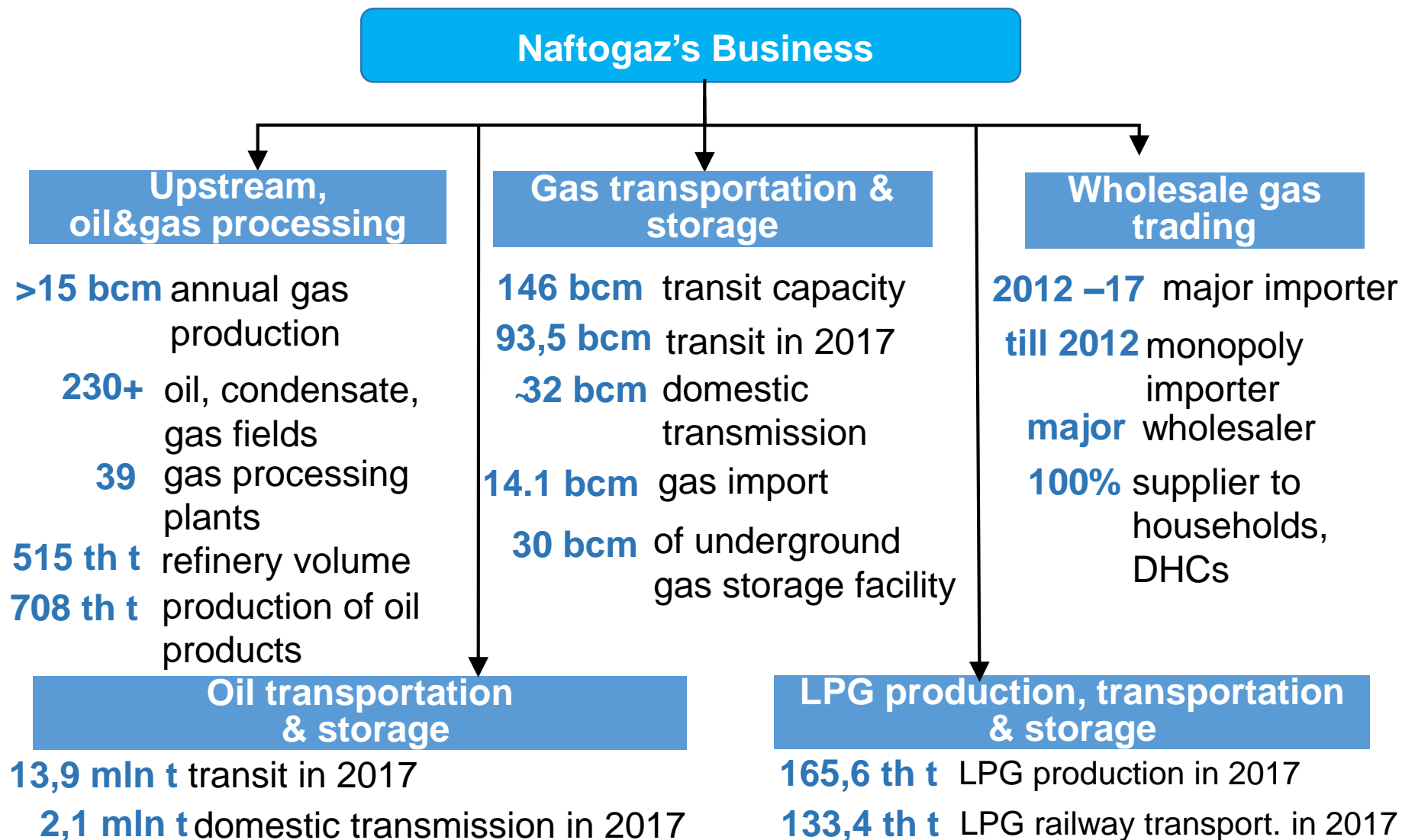


For NS 2 Gazprom need to create: **8500 km** of pipelines (in one line), including:

- **7 000 km** to EU (4 600 km in RU, 2400 km offshore);
- **1 500 km** in EU



... direct and shortest route
... without transit
... inexpensive gas transportation system



Gas business: 90% of earnings

...with huge technical capacities and big opportunity for cooperation.



Thank you very much for your attention!

Please find more information:

Official sites: www.naftogaz.com

<http://naftogaz-europe.com>

Annual report http://www.naftogaz.com/files/Zvity/Anual_report_eng_170608.pdf

Movie «Energize Ukraine» <https://youtu.be/DAGAMObdXMI>

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