

Cautionary statements

Forward-looking statements

The information in this presentation includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "budget," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "initial," "intend," "may," "model," "plan," "potential," "project," "should," "will," "would," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forwardlooking statements in this presentation relate to, among other things, future contracts and contract terms, margins, returns and payback periods, future cash flows and production, delivery of LNG, future costs, prices, financial results, liquidity and financing, regulatory and permitting developments, construction and permitting of pipelines and other facilities, future demand and supply affecting LNG and general energy markets and other aspects of our business and our prospects and those of other industry participants.

Our forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments, and other factors that we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. These statements are subject to numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include those described in the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 and of our Quarterly Report on Form 10Q for the auarter ended September 30, 2018, and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which are incorporated by reference in this presentation. Many of the forward-looking statements in this presentation relate to events or developments anticipated to occur numerous years in the future, which increases the likelihood that actual results will differ materially from those indicated in such forward-looking statements.

Plans for the Permian Global Access Pipeline and Haynesville Global Access Pipeline projects discussed herein are in the early stages of development and numerous aspects of the projects, such as detailed engineering and permitting, have not commenced. Accordingly, the nature, timing, scope and benefits of those projects may vary significantly from our current plans due to a wide variety of factors, including future changes to the proposals. Although the Driftwood pipeline project is significantly more advanced in terms of engineering, permitting and other factors, its construction, budget and timing are also subject to significant risks and uncertainties.

Projected future cash flows as set forth herein may differ from cash flows determined in accordance with GAAP.

We may not be able to enter into definitive agreements with Vitol on the terms contemplated in the MOU or at all.

The financial information on slides 4, 6, 7, 9, 19, 20, 22, 23, 29, and 33-35 is meant for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to show estimates of actual future financial performance. The information on those slides assumes the completion of certain acquisition, financing and other transactions. Such transactions may not be completed on the assumed terms or at all. Actual commodity prices may vary materially from the commodity prices assumed for the purposes of the illustrative financial performance information.

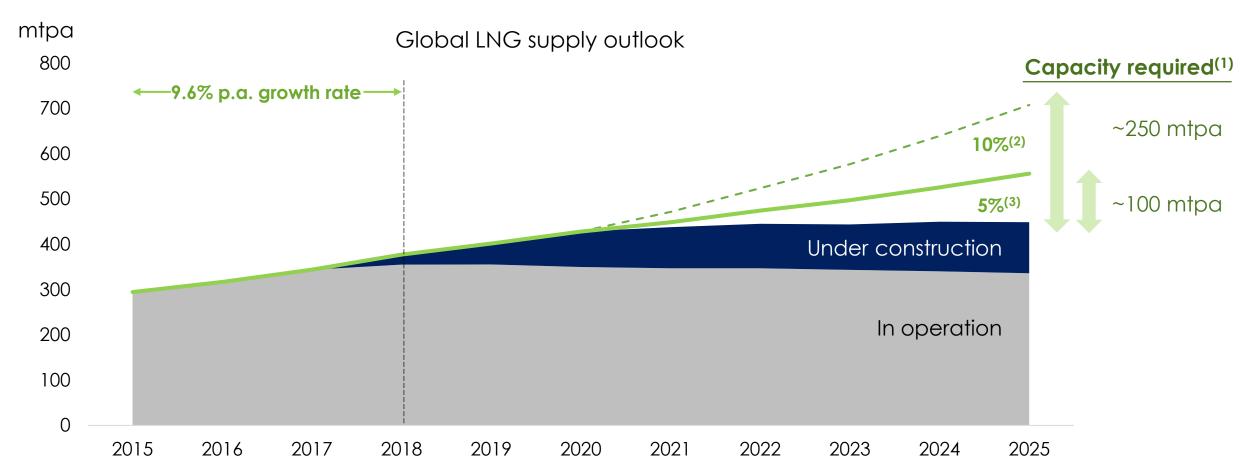
The forward-looking statements made in or in connection with this presentation speak only as of the date hereof. Although we may from time to time voluntarily update our prior forward-looking statements, we disclaim any commitment to do so except as required by securities laws.

Reserves and resources

Estimates of non-proved reserves and resources are based on more limited information, and are subject to significantly greater risk of not being produced, than are estimates of proved reserves.



New LNG capacity call: ~100-250 mtpa



Sources: Wood Mackenzie, Tellurian Research

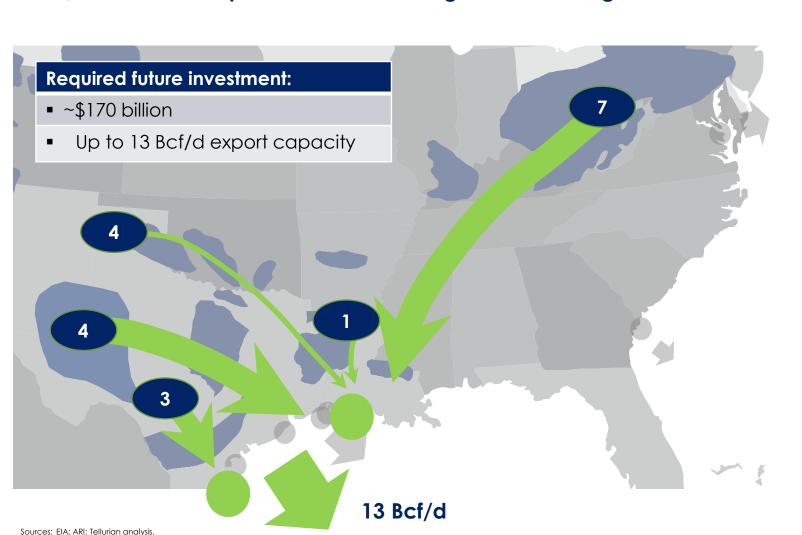
Notes: (1) Assumes 85% utilization rate.

⁽²⁾ Assuming sustained 2015-2018 demand growth rate of ~9.6% p.a. post-2020.

⁽³⁾ Conservative estimate of 4.5% p.a. demand growth rate post-2020.

U.S. natural gas needs global market access

13 Bcf/d of incremental production; associated gas at risk of flaring without infrastructure investment



LNG liquefaction terminal

- Operating/under construction
- **Future**
- Export capacity
- Total estimated 2018-2025 production growth, Bcf/d
- LNG export capacity required:
 - -At least 100 mtpa: 13 Bcf/d (19 Bcf/d less ~6 under construction)
 - ~\$100 billion⁽¹⁾
- Pipeline capacity required:
 - -Around 19 Bcf/d
 - -~\$70 billion

(1) \$1,000 per tonne average.

Global commodity requires low-cost solutions



Sources: Kpler, Maran Gas, IHS, Wood Mackenzie.

Notes: LNG storage assumes half of fleet is in ballast, 2.9 Bcf capacity per vessel. Average cargo size ~2.9 Bcf, assuming 150,000 m³ ship. In 2017, approximately a third of all LNG cargoes are estimated to be spot volumes. Based on line of sight supply through 2020.

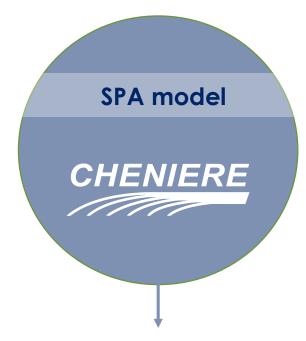


Owning pipeline infrastructure mitigates basis risk



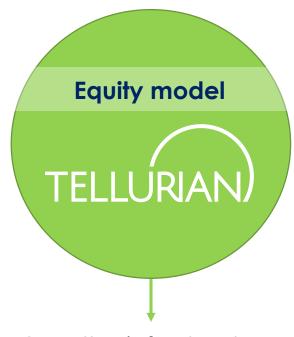
Customer incurs risk

for pipeline access leads to hidden costs and higher cost of LNG on the water



Developer incurs risk

Developer consolidates pipeline transport, but still **a price taker** for transportation services; developer only has 5% of Henry Hub price to pay for transport

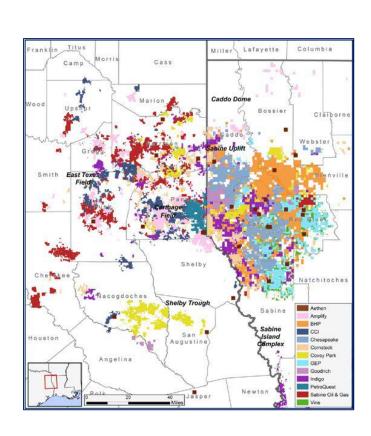


Own the infrastructure

True **cost control** and **transparency** from owning and managing pipeline transportation

>100 Tcf available resources in Haynesville

Driftwood Holdings plans to fund and purchase 15 Tcf



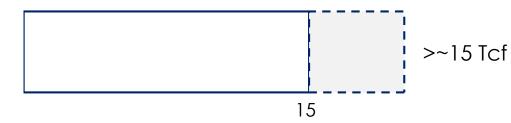
Potential

acquisition targets: Target size:

Range of resources per target (Tcf) $^{(1)}$:

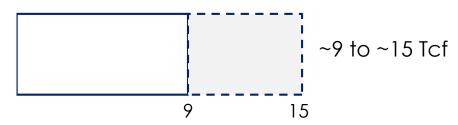
Large





Medium





Small

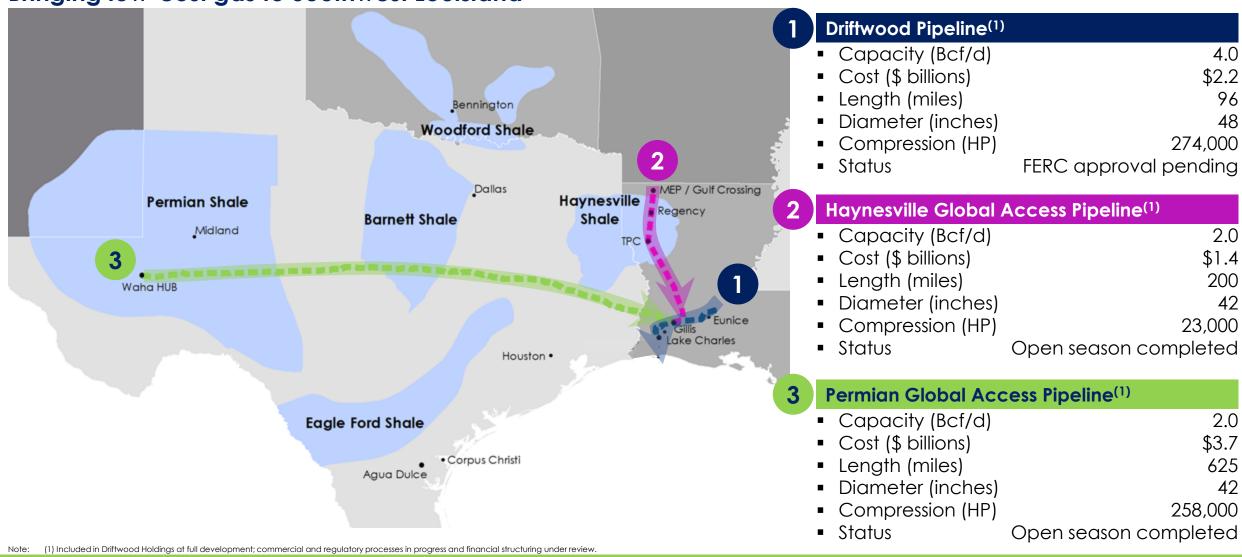




Sources: IHS Energea: 1 Derrick: investor presentations: Tellurian research (1) Estimated resources based on acreage

Pipeline network

Bringing low-cost gas to Southwest Louisiana



Expecting to eliminate HH price risk





2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

Opportunities for further gas supply cost savings:

- Buy Henry Hub gas when prices are lower than \$2.25 (curtail Haynesville drilling)
- Acquire lower priced gas in other supply basins via Tellurian pipeline network

\$2.25/mmBtu equity Haynesville gas production delivered to the Driftwood terminal

2010

2011

2012

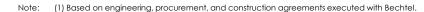
2013

Driftwood LNG terminal

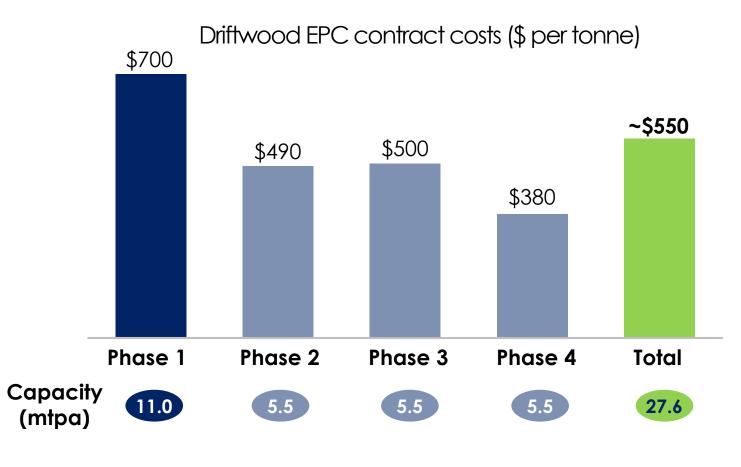
Driftwood LNG terminal	
Land	~1,000 acres near Lake Charles, LA
Capacity	■ ~27.6 mtpa
Trains	 Up to 20 trains of ~1.38 mtpa each Chart heat exchangers GE LM6000 PF+ compressors
Storage	 3 storage tanks 235,000 m³ each
Marine	3 marine berths
EPC Cost	 ~\$550 per tonne ~\$15.2 billion⁽¹⁾







Bechtel LSTK secures project execution





- Leading LNG EPC contractor
 - 44 LNG trains delivered to 18 customers in 9 countries
 - ~30% of global LNG liquefaction capacity (>125 mtpa)
- Tellurian and Bechtel relationship
 - 16 trains⁽¹⁾ delivered with Tellurian's executive team
 - Invested \$50 million in Tellurian Inc.

Integrated to manage three risks



Basin

10,800 Haynesville acres 1.4 Tcf of resource Intend to acquire 15 Tcf



Basis

~\$7 billion of pipeline projects, providing access to Haynesville, Permian, & Appalachia supply



Construction

~\$15 billion liquefaction project in Louisiana

Tellurian projects annual ~\$8 cash flow/sh⁽¹⁾

Integrated model

- Production Company, Pipeline Network, LNG Terminal
- Variable and operating costs expected to be \$3.00/mmBtu FOB

Financing

- ~\$8 billion in Partners' capital through investment of \$500 per tonne of LNG
- ~\$20 billion in project finance debt equates to \$1.50/mmBtu with projected interest and amortization

Tellurian

- Tellurian will retain ~12 mpta and ~40% of the assets
- Estimated \$2 billion annual cash flow to Tellurian (2)

Partners (~\$8 billion in equity) ~40% 100% ~60% **Equity ownership Driftwood Holdings** (~\$20 billion in project finance debt) mtpa LNG **Tellurian Production Pipeline** Network **Terminal** Marketing Company ~16 mtpa **Partners**

(1) Annual cash flow per share based on anticipated \$2 billion annual cash flow to Tellurian and ~247 million shares outstanding. (2) See slide 23 for estimated annual Tellurian cash flow at various assumed U.S. Gulf Coast netback prices and marain levels

Final Investment Decision expected 1H 2019

Milestone

- Fully-wrapped EPC contract
- Draft FERC EIS
- Final FERC EIS
- Final FERC Order
- Final Investment Decision
- Notice to Proceed to Bechtel
- First LNG

Target date



November 2017



- September 2018
- January 2019
- 1H 2019
- 1H 2019
- 1H 2019
- 2023

