

# Potential & Conditions for LNG in the EaP



# Executive summary

- Ukraine is dependent on gas imports for 1/3 of its total needs
- The need for gas imports, including LNG, will remain for at least 5 years
- Global LNG supplies are increasing over the last 5 years, particularly in Asia and Europe
- Unfortunately, LNG cannot be delivered directly to Ukraine because there are no LNG terminals in Ukraine
- Ukraine can source LNG that comes to European terminals
- Deliveries from the Polish LNG terminal are the most realistic and technically feasible option
- Ukraine has political and economical motives to support development of LNG projects in order to diversify its gas imports

# Overview of Naftogaz Group

## Naftogaz is a vertically integrated group

	Naftogaz of Ukraine	Headquarter, Trading		Ukrnafta (50%+1 share)	Oil upstream
	Ukrgezvydobuvannya (100%)	Gas upstream, processing		Ukrtransnafta (100%)	Oil transmission & storage
	Ukrtransgaz (100%)	Gas transmission & storage		Ukrtatnafta (43 % share)	Oil processing & storage
	Ukrspetstransgaz (100%)	LHG railway transportation		Petrosannan Company (JV, Egypt)	Oil&gas upstream
	Gas of Ukraine (100%)	Retail supply until 2012		Zakordonnaftogaz (100%)	Oil&gas upstream
	Ukravtogaz (100%)	CNG retail (stations)		Naukanaftogaz (100%)	R&D
	Naftogaz Trading Europe S.A. (100%)	Trading (Switzerland)		VuhlesynteZgaz of Ukraine (100%)	Development of gas replacement projects
	Kirovohradgaz (51%)	Gas distribution & supply		LIKVO (100%)	Prevention of emergencies
	Chornomornaftogaz* (100%)	Oil and gas upstream		Naftogazbezpeka (100%)	Security service company
	Naftogaz Trading (100%)	Trading (Ukraine)		Ukrnaftogazkomplekt (100%)	Supply of equipment

# Naftogaz Gas Business



## Upstream, gas processing

- **16,6 bcm** gas produced
- **230+** oil, gas, condensate fields
- **39** gas processing plants



## Gas transportation & storage

- **153 bcm** transit capacity to Europe
- **86,8** transit in 2018
- **31 bcm** underground storage



## Wholesale gas trading

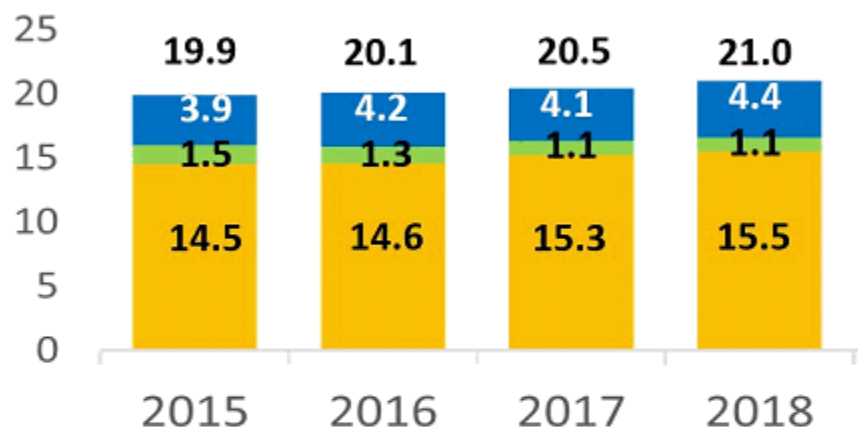
- **66 %** market share in imports
- **79 %** market share in gas production

# Gas production

2018 results: Ukraine increased gas production by 500 mcm

## Gas production in Ukraine, 2015-2018

bcm



Private producers*	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.4
JSC Chornomornaftogaz*	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
JSC Ukrnafta*	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.1
JSC Ukgazvydobuvannya*	14.5	14.6	15.3	15.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>20.5</b>	<b>21.0</b>

\*Gross production (incl. private producers where UGV holds a minority stake; incl. operating needs)  
2018 data are preliminary and may be updated

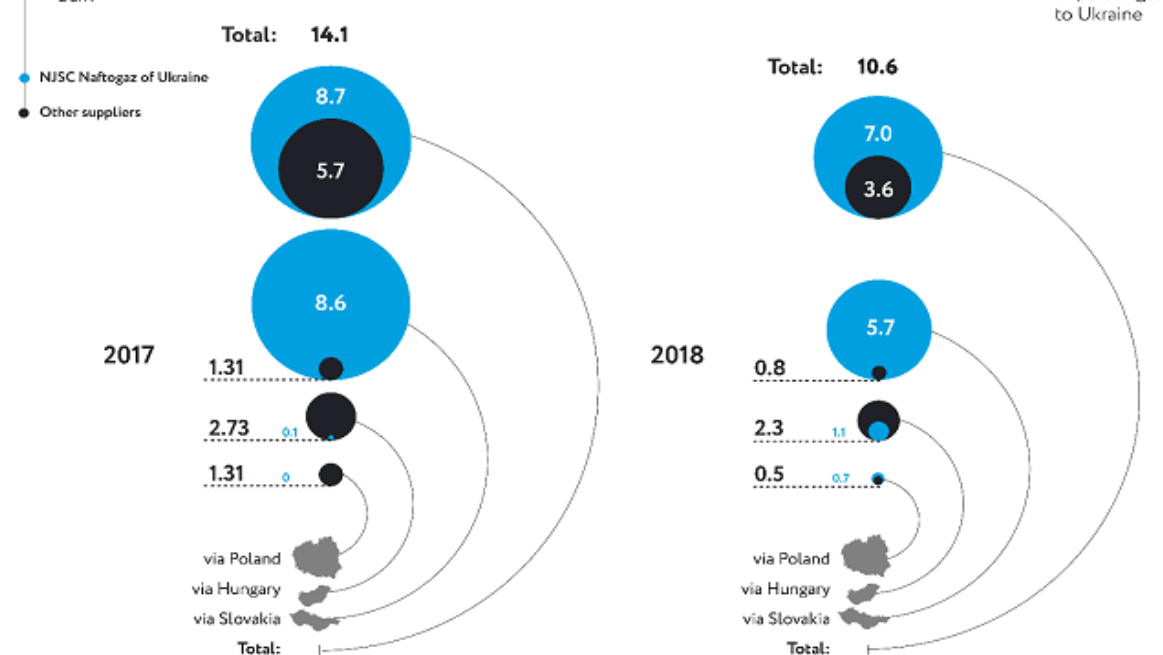
Sources: Naftogaz, Energy Ministry, State Statistics Service

- UGV, a 100%-owned subsidiary of Naftogaz, produced 15.5 bcm of gas (73.8% of Ukraine's total production). This amount includes gas used for the company's operating needs.
- Chornomornaftogaz, a 100% subsidiary of Naftogaz, produced 10.3 mcm of gas in 2018, which is 200 tcm less compared to 2017 (10.5 mcm). The company has been developing the Strilkove field in the Azov Sea, which supplies Henichesk town in Kherson region.
- Ukrnafta maintained its gas production at 1.1 bcm, comparable to 2017 levels.
- Private companies increased production by 7.3% from 4.1 bcm in 2017 to 4.4 bcm in 2018.

# Gas import to Ukraine

From November, 2015, Ukraine stopped direct gas purchases from Gazprom. Since then, Naftogaz has been collecting fuel on the basis of reverse deliveries carried out on gas connections with Poland, Slovakia and Hungary.

Gas imports to Ukraine 2017-2018, bcm

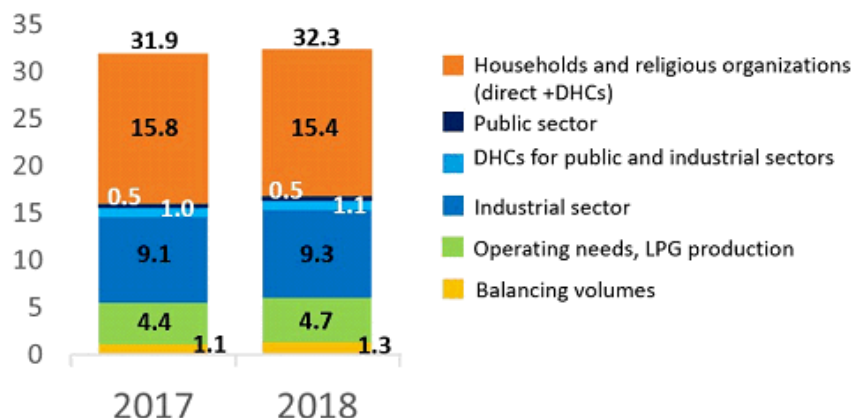


	2017	2018	+/- %
<b>Total:</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>-19.5%</b>
from Russia	0.0	0.0	
from the European market, total	8.7	7.0	-19.5%
via Slovakia (Budince GMS)	8.6	5.7	-33.7%
via Hungary (Beregdaroc GMS)	0.1	1.1	
via Poland (Hermanovce GMS)	0.0	0.2	

- Both Naftogaz and private companies decreased their imports – from 8.7 bcm to 7 bcm (-19.5%) and from 5.4 bcm to 3.6 bcm (-33.3%) respectively.
- In total, 65 companies imported gas to Ukraine in 2018 (compared to 67 companies in 2017).
- Naftogaz purchased gas from 18 European suppliers in 2018 (13 companies in 2017). None of them accounted for more than 30% of gas imported by Naftogaz.
- Naftogaz has not been buying gas from Russia’s Gazprom since November 2015. Gazprom has refused to comply with the Stockholm arbitration award regarding volumes and conditions of supply under the contract with Naftogaz.

# Gas balance in Ukraine

## Gas consumption in Ukraine, 2017-2018 bcm



2018 data are preliminary and may be updated

Sources: Naftogaz, Ministry of Energy and Coal Industry of Ukraine, State Statistics Service of Ukraine

Gas consumption in Ukraine, 2017-2018, bcm

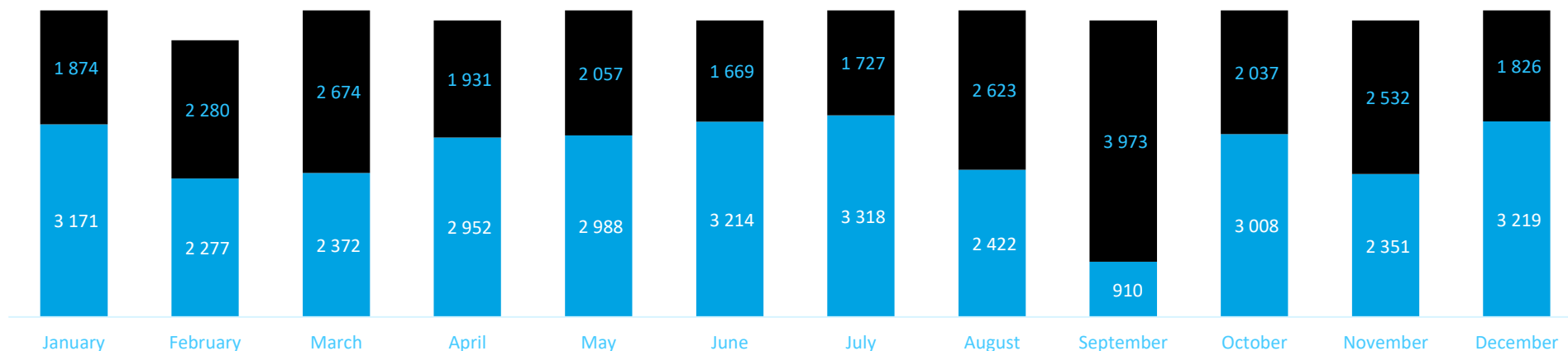
Consumer category	2017	2018	+/- %
Households	11.2	10.6	-5.4%
District heating companies (DHCs):			
for households	4.6	4.8	+4.3%
for public and industrial sectors*	1.0	1.1	+10.0%
Religious organizations (direct + DHCs)	0.019	0.02	+5.3%
<b>Regulated segments total*</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>-1.8%</b>
Public sector	0.5	0.5	0%
Industrial sector	9.1	9.3	+2.2%
Operating needs (gas production, transmission and distribution), LPG production	4.4	4.7	+6.8%
<b>Unregulated segments total*</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>14.5</b>	<b>+3.6%</b>
Unauthorized offtake, unrecorded volumes, balancing	1.1	1.3	+18.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>31.9</b>	<b>32.3</b>	<b>+1.3%</b>

- In 2018, Ukraine's gas consumption remained relatively stable increasing by 0.4 bcm (1.3%) to 32.3 bcm compared to 31.9 bcm consumed in 2017.
- Gas consumption in regulated market segments totaled 16.5 bcm against 16.8 bcm in 2017.
- Household consumers used 10.6 bcm of gas in 2018, which is 0.6 bcm less than in 2017 (5.4% decrease).
- DHCs used 4.8 bcm of gas to generate heat for households, which is 0.2 bcm more than in 2017 (4.3% increase).
- Unregulated market segments increased their gas consumption by 0.5 bcm from 14.0 to 14.5 bcm.
- Industrial users increased consumption by 0.2 bcm to 9.3 bcm.
- Gas used for operational needs of production, transmission and distribution companies as well as LPG production grew by 0.3 bcm from 4.4 to 4.7 bcm.
- The growth in this category was attributable to the production enhancement activities implemented by UGV in 2018.

# Current potential for LNG imports to Ukraine from LNG Terminal in Świnoujście

## Forecasted LNG terminal utilization

■ Actual send-out 2018-2019 data, GW-h/month    ■ Expected unused capacity for 2019, GW-h/month

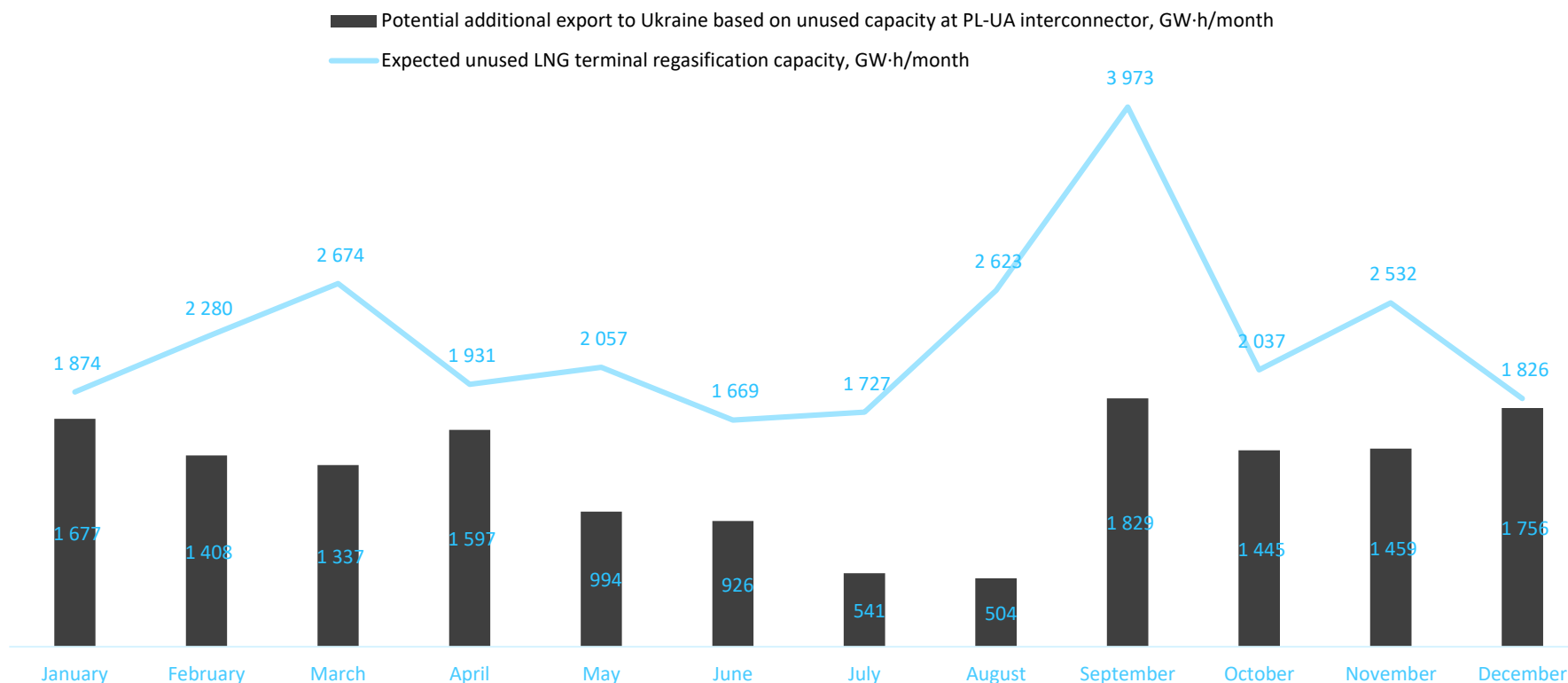


With current rate of LNG terminal utilization there is still room for around 27 TW·h (2.5 bcm) of additional gas send out



# Current potential for LNG imports to Ukraine from LNG Terminal in Świnoujście

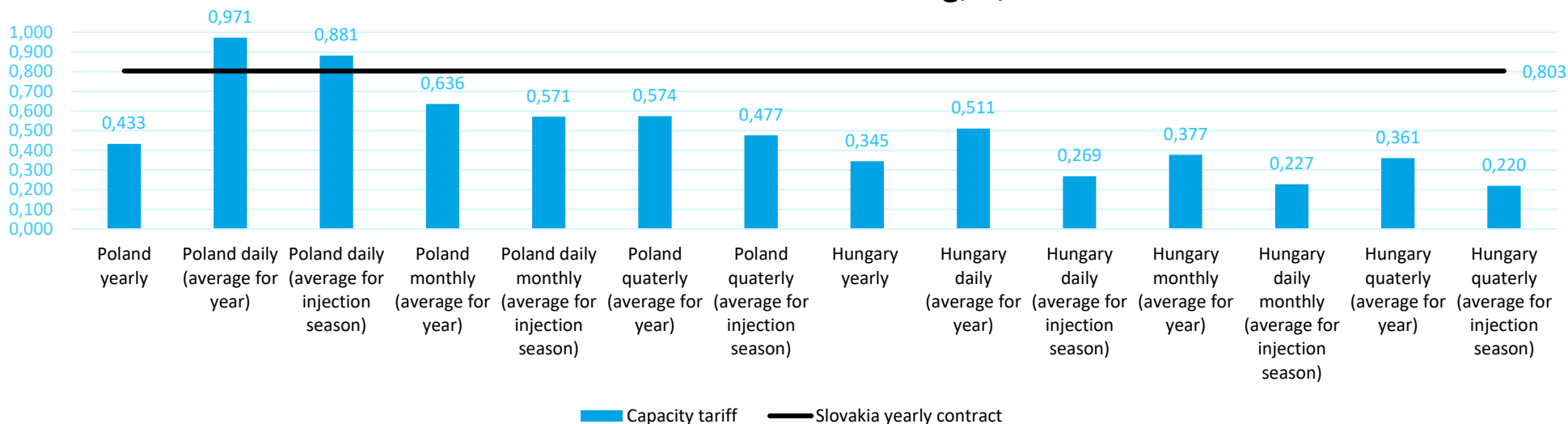
Potential additional exports to Ukraine based on PL-UA interconnector and LNG terminal unused capacity



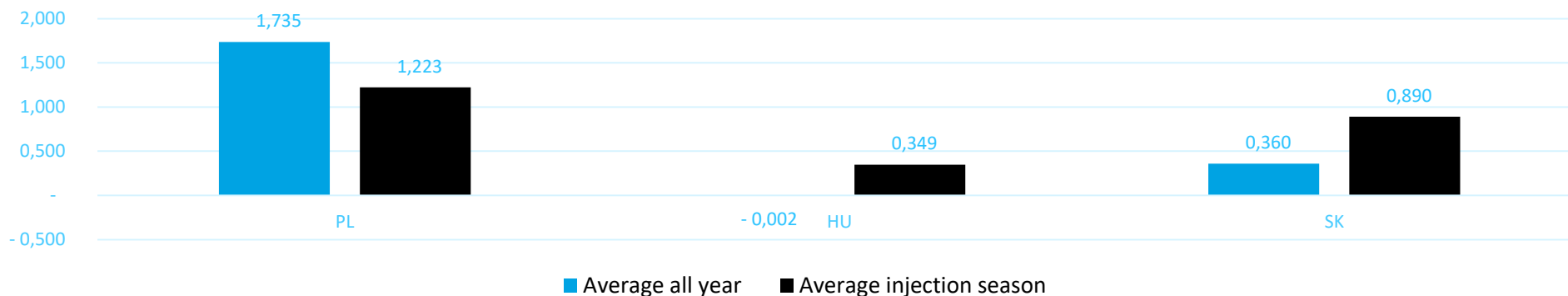
Potential exports to Ukraine can further raise the utilization of the terminal by additional 15,5 TW·h (1,5 bcm) up to 80% (yearly average) compared to last observed level of 54%

# Capacity costs as one of the main drivers of summer gas flows to UA

Exit costs on interconnection points with Ukraine's neighbours depending on duration and season of booking, €/MW·h



## DaH quotes spread to NCG quotation

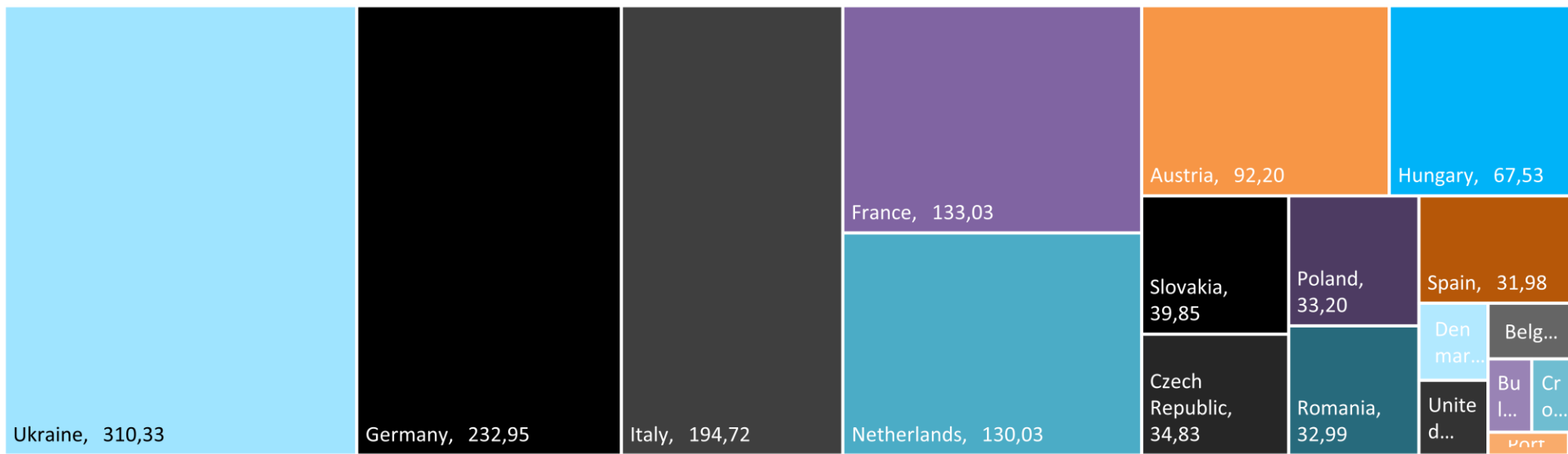


# Price comparison UA imports/Henry hub prices

Delivery month	UA natural gas import price, USD/MMBTU	Estimated competitive price at LNG terminal send out gate, \$/MMBTU			Henry hub MaH based price, \$/MMBTU	Henry hub premium at terminal gate, \$/MMBTU		
		Daily	Monthly	Quarterly		Daily	Monthly	Quarterly
January 18	7,657	7,249	7,394	7,410	2,759	4,490	4,635	4,651
February 18	7,591	7,218	7,325	7,340	3,167	4,051	4,158	4,173
March 18	8,570	8,182	8,319	8,319	2,661	5,521	5,658	5,658
April 18	7,189	6,861	6,971	7,017	2,698	4,163	4,273	4,319
May 18	7,364	7,039	7,169	7,199	2,720	4,319	4,449	4,479
June 18	7,985	7,696	7,792	7,822	2,820	4,876	4,972	5,002
July 18	7,925	7,626	7,732	7,762	2,944	4,682	4,788	4,818
August 18	8,415	8,119	8,224	8,254	2,789	5,330	5,435	5,465
September 18	8,943	8,654	8,750	8,780	2,909	5,745	5,841	5,871
October 18	9,379	9,062	9,174	9,160	2,880	6,182	6,294	6,280
November 18	9,097	8,751	8,866	8,881	3,206	5,545	5,660	5,675
December 18	8,791	8,410	8,545	8,574	4,037	4,373	4,508	4,537

# UA gas storages – one of the biggest opportunities for LNG trading in CEE

Ukrainian storages compared to other EU storages, TW·h



Ukrainian storages compared to immediate neighbours, TW·h







Thank you