

Review of progress towards the 2020 energy

INFORMATION ABOUT

Are you responding to this questionnaire on behalf of/as:

Please enter your name or the name of your company/organisation:

Please indicate your principal country or countries of residence or activity:

How would you prefer your contribution to be published on the Commission website, if at all?

A. Energy efficiency

1. Do you think the right approach in addressing the shortfall is:

Please specify your response d)

B. Energy efficiency

2. Do you think that further policy measures are needed at EU level to foster energy efficiency in buildings?

Please give details.

3. Do you think that further policy measures are needed at EU level to foster energy efficiency in industry?

Please give details.

4. Do you think that further policy measures are needed at EU level to foster energy efficiency in transport?

Please give details.

5. Do you think that further policy measures are needed at EU level to foster energy efficiency in electrical equipment?

Please give details.

6. Do you think that further policy measures are needed at EU level to foster energy efficiency in generation and distribution?

Please give details.

7. Do you think that further financial mechanisms and instruments are needed at EU level to mobilise energy efficiency investments?

Please give details.

8. Do you think that further measures are needed to build the capacity of actors in the energy efficiency sector?

9. What are the most promising technology solutions that can help deliver energy savings in the 2020 and 2030 time horizon? How can their development and uptake be supported at EU level?

10. Further comments

Please give details.

gy efficiency objective and a 2030 energy

T THE RESPONDENTS

Company

Germany

Anonymously (I consent to publication of all information in my contribution and I declare that none of it is under copyright restrictions that prevent publication)

cy targets and measures

d) other

To state whether the EED and its measures will be sufficient or not to achieve the EU 2020 goal appears somewhat premature at this time considering that the transformation of the Directive into national law is still underway. Furthermore it is questionable whether there will be a gap once the EED and its rules have been put into force in the Member States.

ciency sectors

No

There is a fixed target to reduce CO₂ by establishing nearly 0 energy houses by 2050 through the current EU Directive on the energy performance of buildings (Directive 2010/31/EU).

No

The industry has its own interest to save energy and has effectively done so in recent years by substantially reducing energy up to 30%.

No

There are brand new EU obligations in force to reduce CO₂ emissions for cars.

No

The so-called EU Eco-Design Directive (Directive 2009/123/EU) as well as the EU Energy Labeling Directive (Directive 2010/30/EU) have proven to be sufficient instruments in effectively increasing energy efficiency in electrical equipment.

No

Yes

Financial mechanisms and instruments have the potential of being an effective lever to mobilize energy efficiency investments if distributed in a non-discriminatory manner. Down to the present day financial instruments have not always been granted appropriately: In many countries such as Germany the main criteria for whether there is a right to attain financial support or not depends mainly on who the ESCO is offering the service and not what the respective energy efficiency project is. For example in most cases customers cannot expect financial support if they use energy efficiency services offered by an energy supplier; whilst the same customer could attain financial support if he uses services by a different ESCO. Not only does this kind of financial policy ignore potential energy savings in many sectors but it also hampers the EUs goal in setting up a fair and functioning energy services market.

No